

Quarkonia Production in Ultraperipheral PbPb collisions at LHCb



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UPC v.s PC





- Cross section of coherent charmoium production:
 - > constrain the gluon Desity Distribution Functions in nuclear.
- Ratio of cross section of coherent charmoium production:
 - constrain the choice of the vector meson wave function in dipole scattering models. [PLB 772 (2017) 832, PRC (2011) 011902]
 - systematic and luminosity uncertainty largely cancelled out.

- A precise measurement of the postulated coherent J/ψ production in hadronic collisions will shed light on:
 - \succ the coherence of the interaction
 - and the profile of the photon flux in peripheral Pb-Pb collisions



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The LHCb detector

Pb



[Int. J. Mod. Phys. A 30, 1530022 (2015)]

Single arm forward spectrometer fully instrumented in pseudo-rapidity range $2 < \eta < 5$. *

> Vertex Locator IP resolution~20µm

2018 PbPb

 $228\mu b^{-1}$

Design for the study of particles containing b or c guarks. *

Pb

Can also use for *heavy ion studies*. *

 $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.0 \text{ TeV}$

2015 PbPb

 $10\mu b^{-1}$



Tracking System TT and OT ∆p/p=0.5%-1.0% (5GeV/c - 100GeV/c) Calorimeters ECAL.HCAL e/v identification ΔE/E=1%⊕10%/√E(GeV)

Data Taking

Luminosity



UPC at LHCb:

- 1. Study of coherent J/ψ production in lead-lead collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=5$ TeV [JHEP07(2022)117]
- 2. Study of the coherent charmonium production in ultra-peripheral lead-lead collisions[arXiv:2206.08221]

PC at LHCb:

3. J/ψ photoproduction in Pb-Pb peripheral collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5$ TeV **@LHCb** [Phys. Rev. C 105, L032201]





Analysis strategy is similar for 2015 and 2018 UPC:

- ✤ Data sets: PbPb collisions at 5.02 TeV at LHCb:
 - \sim 2015 PbPb ([JHEP07 (2022) 117]) and 2018 PbPb([arXiv:2206.08221]).
- Cross-section of charmonium photo-production can be measured by:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{\psi}^{\mathrm{coh}}}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{N_{\psi}^{\mathrm{coh}}}{\mathcal{L} \times \varepsilon_{\mathrm{tot}} \times \mathcal{B}(\psi \to \mu^{+}\mu^{-}) \times \Delta x} \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{\psi(2S)}^{\mathrm{coh}}/\mathrm{d}y^{*}}{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{J/\psi}^{\mathrm{coh}}/\mathrm{d}y^{*}} = \frac{N_{\psi(2S)}^{\mathrm{coh}} \times \varepsilon_{J/\psi} \times \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \to \mu^{+}\mu^{-})}{N_{J/\psi}^{\mathrm{coh}} \times \varepsilon_{\psi(2S)} \times \mathcal{B}(\psi(2S) \to \mu^{+}\mu^{-})}$$

Event selection:

Very low multiplicity in the detector, only two tracks reconstructed within LHCb acceptance region:

$$p_T^{\mu\mu} < 1 GeV , \ |\Delta\phi_{\mu\mu}| > 0.9\pi$$

 $2.0 < \eta^{\mu} < 4.5 , \ p_T^{\mu} > 700 MeV$

HeRSCheL detector is used to further purify the signal candidates.



1. Integrated cross-sections of coherent J/ψ and ψ (2S) photoproduction in 2.0 < y^* < 4.5;

 $\sigma_{J/\psi}^{\text{coh}} = 5.965 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.232 \pm 0.262 \text{ mb}, \quad \sigma_{\psi(2S)}^{\text{coh}} = 0.923 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.040 \text{ mb}$ 2. The integrated cross-sections ratio in 2.0 < y* < 4.5: $\sigma_{\psi(2S)}^{\text{coh}} / \sigma_{J/\psi}^{\text{coh}} = 0.155 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.003 \quad \text{(lumi. uncer.})$

(lumi. uncer. cancelled out)

(



data

- 3. Diffrential cross section of J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ as a function of rapidity:
 - The most precise coherent J/ψ production measurement in PbPb UPC in forward rapidity to date
 - * The first coherent $\psi(2S)$ measurement in forward rapidity at the LHC



Results are compared to:

- > **pQCD models:** nPDFs for the nuclear shadowing effect.
- Colour-dipole models: draw different model tuning options as theoretical variations.
- > In a good agreement with data shape, normalisations are different.

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4. Diffrential cross section ratio of $\psi(2S)$ over J/ψ as a function of rapidity:

• The first cross-section ratio between J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ vs. rapidity in forward rapidity region at the LHC.

Results are compared to:

- pQCD models: nPDFs for the nuclear shadowing effect.
- Colour-dipole models: draw different model tuning options as theoretical variations.
- In a good agreement with data shape, normalisations are different.





- 5. Diffrential cross section of J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ as a function of \mathbf{p}_{T} :
 - The first measurement of the coherent J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ production cross-section vs. p_T in PbPb UPC.



Results are compared to:

- > pQCD models: nPDFs for the nuclear shadowing effect.
- > Colour-dipole models: draw different model tuning options as theoretical variations.
- > In a good agreement with data shape, normalisations are different.

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Coherent J/ψ photo-production in PC



- Data sets: PbPb collisions at 5.02 TeV at LHCb in 2018, Centrality: limited to 60-90%.
- Event selection:
 - > A minimum energy in the ECAL calorimeter is required to avoid any UPC contamination.
 - > Reconstrued with two dimuon channel with $p_{T} < 15$ GeV.

(1) J/ ψ yields extracted from dimuon mass fit:



(2) Coherent yields extracted from $\log(p_T)^2$ fit:



Coherent J/ψ photo-production in PC

(3) Results:

1. Diffrential yeilds of coherent J/ψ photo-production as a function of y, p_T, N_{part}:



First measurement in PbPb hadronic collisions at LHCb.

- Results compare with one model with two assumptions:([W. Zha et al. Phys. Rev. C97 (2018) 044910 / Phy. Rev. C99, 06901(R)])
 - No overlap effects between the nuclei (UPC-like but small IP)
 - **Overlap Effects**
 - Trend is consistent, but the data is over above the predictions.







- LHCb has good capability in Heavy Ion program with UPC physics:
 - **2015 UPC:** Study of coherent J/ψ production in lead-lead collisions at 5TeV
 - > 2018 UPC: Study of the coherent charmonium production in ultra-peripheral lead-lead collisions
 - The most **precise** measurement for coherent J/ψ production in PbPb UPC in the **forward** rapidity to date.
 - The first measurement of coherent $\psi(2S)$ vs. y, cross section ratio vs. y, coherent J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ vs. pT.
 - Results are compatible with **theoretical predictions**, strong constraints for the fine-tuning of the models.



More theoretical models(STARlight, new NLO pQCD calculation, nPDF uncertainty, renormalization scale uncertainty, etc) is added, will come soon!!

- > 2018 PC: Measurement of photo-produced J/ψ in peripheral PbPb collisions
 - First result using PbPb hadronic collisions in LHCb.
- * More promising photo-production measurement at LHCb in the future:
 - > Other photo-production measurements in UPCs are on-going: $\phi \rightarrow K^{\dagger}K^{-}$, $\rho \rightarrow \pi^{\dagger}\pi^{-}$, etc...
 - With Run3 high luminosity:
 - Bottomium, incoherent components, etc.
 - with Fixed target program.



Back Ups



The **LHCb 2018** J/ψ measurement is compatible with **LHCb 2015** and **ALICE** results.

The difference between the **LHCb 2018** and **LHCb 2015** measurement is about **2.0σ**.

LHCb 2018 is compatible with ALICE result.



Coherent J/ψ production in 2015 PbPb UPC



Measurement of coherent J/ψ in UPC, using a data sample collected by the LHCb experiment in 2015 PbPb. First UPC results in LHCb - a **baseline** to 2018 PbPb measurement!

(1) J/ ψ yields extracted from dimuon mass fit:



Coherent J/ψ photo-production in PC



 Results are compared to Reggeometric Pomeron model and soft dipole pomeron model, based on Regge phenomenology formalism



Recent preprint shows good agreement with the soft dipole pomeron model

LHCb HeRSCheL detector



High Rapidity Shower Counters for LHCb(HeRSCheL)

- A set of plastic scintillators used in order to detect any activity in high pseudorapidity range (5 < $|\eta|$ < 10).
- 5 Stations(2 Forward + 3 Backward) × 4 Quadrant = 20 channels in total, installed close to the beam.
- Remove background activities close to the beam, but also cut a small fraction of signal.



