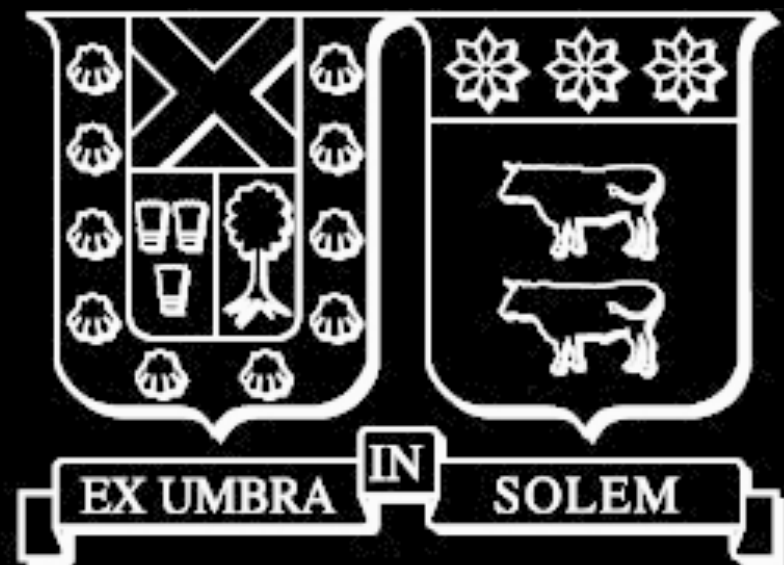
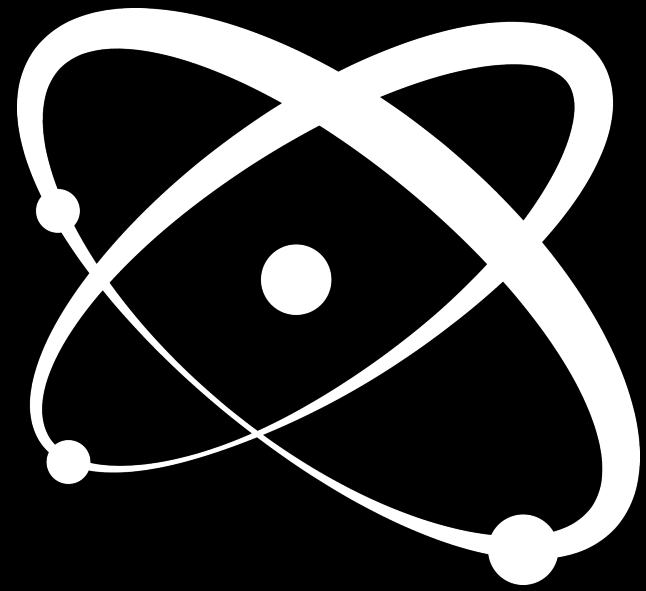


# ATLAS measurements of $b$ -jet suppression and heavy-flavor azimuthal correlations in 5.02 TeV Pb+Pb collisions



Sebastian Tapia Araya  
*Universidad Tecnica Federico Santa Maria  
for the ATLAS collaboration*

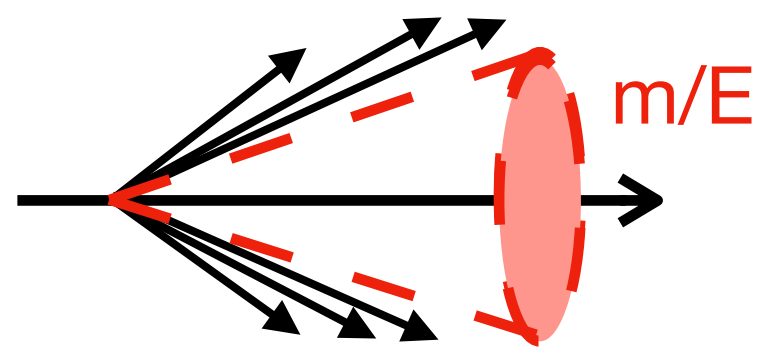


29 March 2023, Valparaiso, Chile

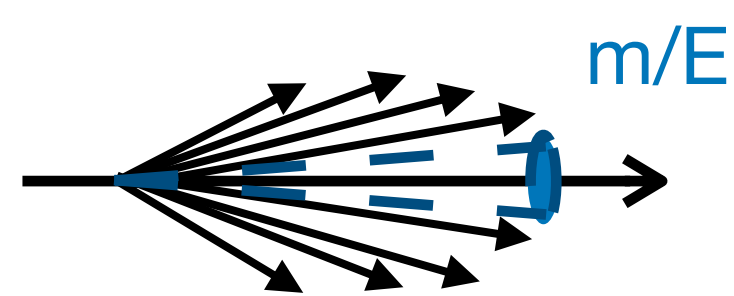
# Heavy flavors in heavy ion collisions

- Open heavy flavors (HF) quarks — c, b — are produced early in the collision; masses above QGP temperature
- HF in heavy ion collisions are sensitive probes to energy loss mechanisms and QGP transport properties
- HF pair angular correlations have additional sensitivity to QGP-induced angular deflection
- Mass dependence expected due to “dead-cone effect”

Large parton mass

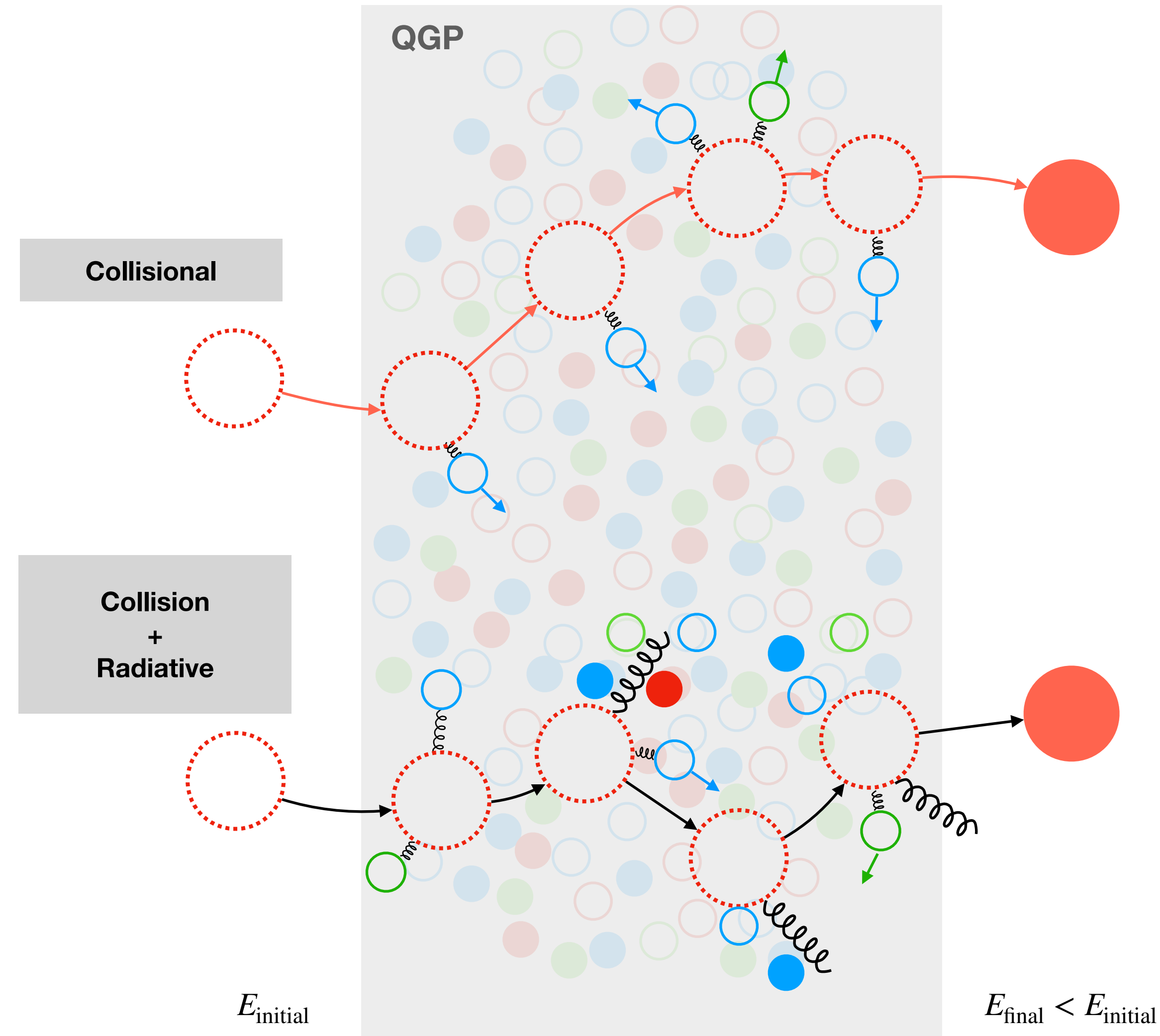


Small parton mass

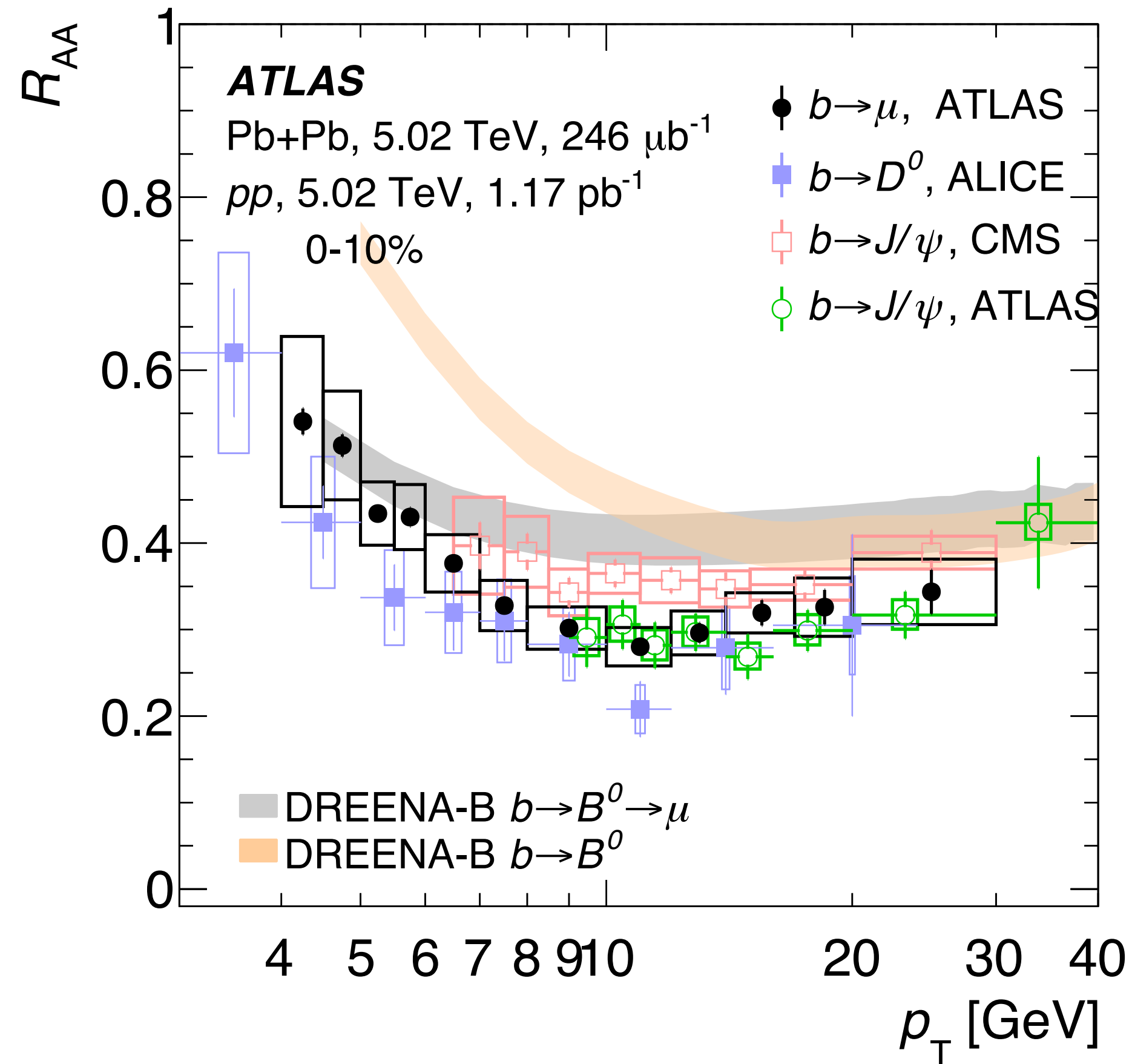


**Radiation is suppressed in  $\theta < m/E$**

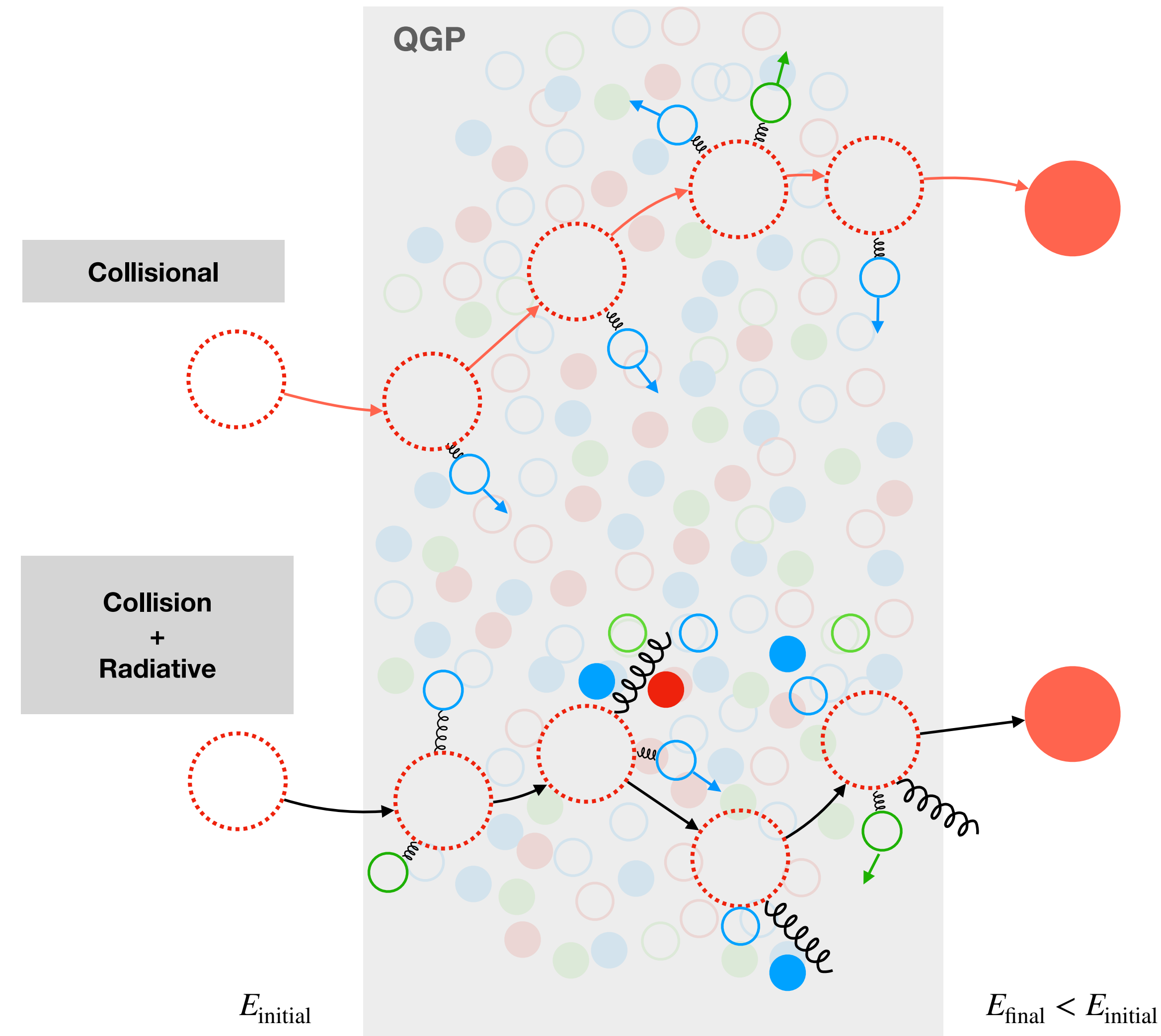
$$dP_{\text{Rad};Q}(\theta) \propto \left( 1 + \left( \frac{M_Q}{E_Q} \right)^2 \frac{1}{\theta^2} \right)^{-2}$$



# Heavy flavors in heavy ion collisions

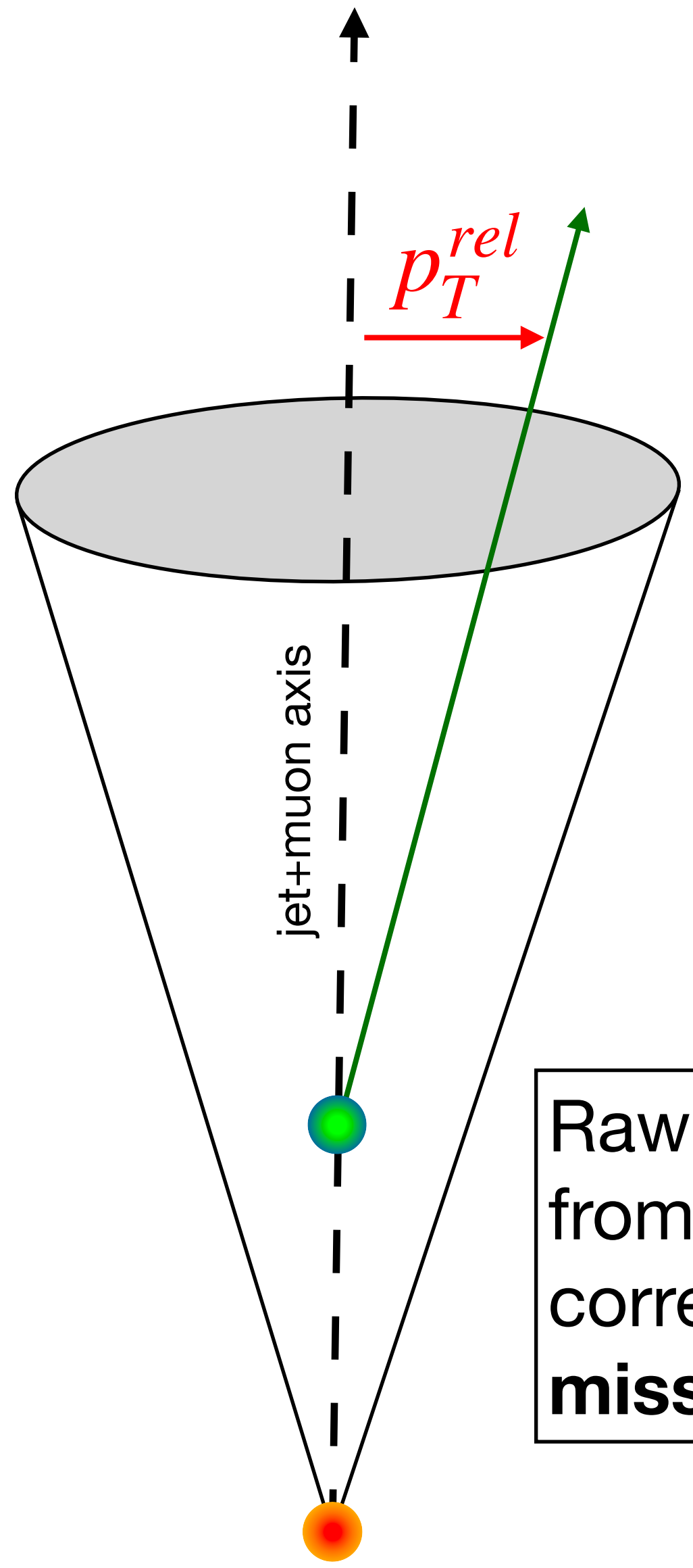


- Good agreement from several measurements of different collaborations, using muons, D's,  $J/\psi$  as a proxy for HF
- Sensitive to only part of the HF momentum  $\rightarrow$  need of fragmentation function and decay kinematics to get HF scale (model dependent)



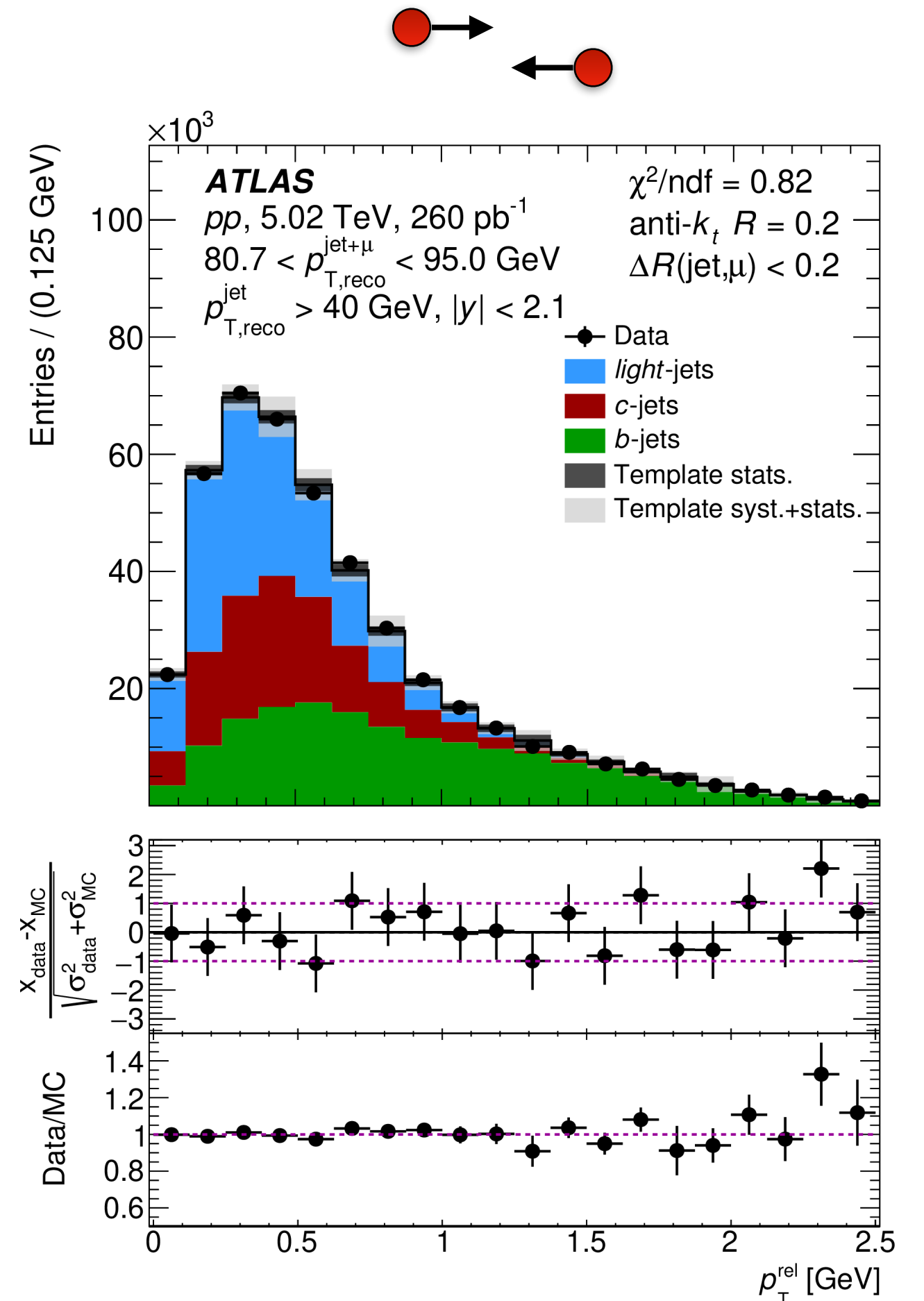
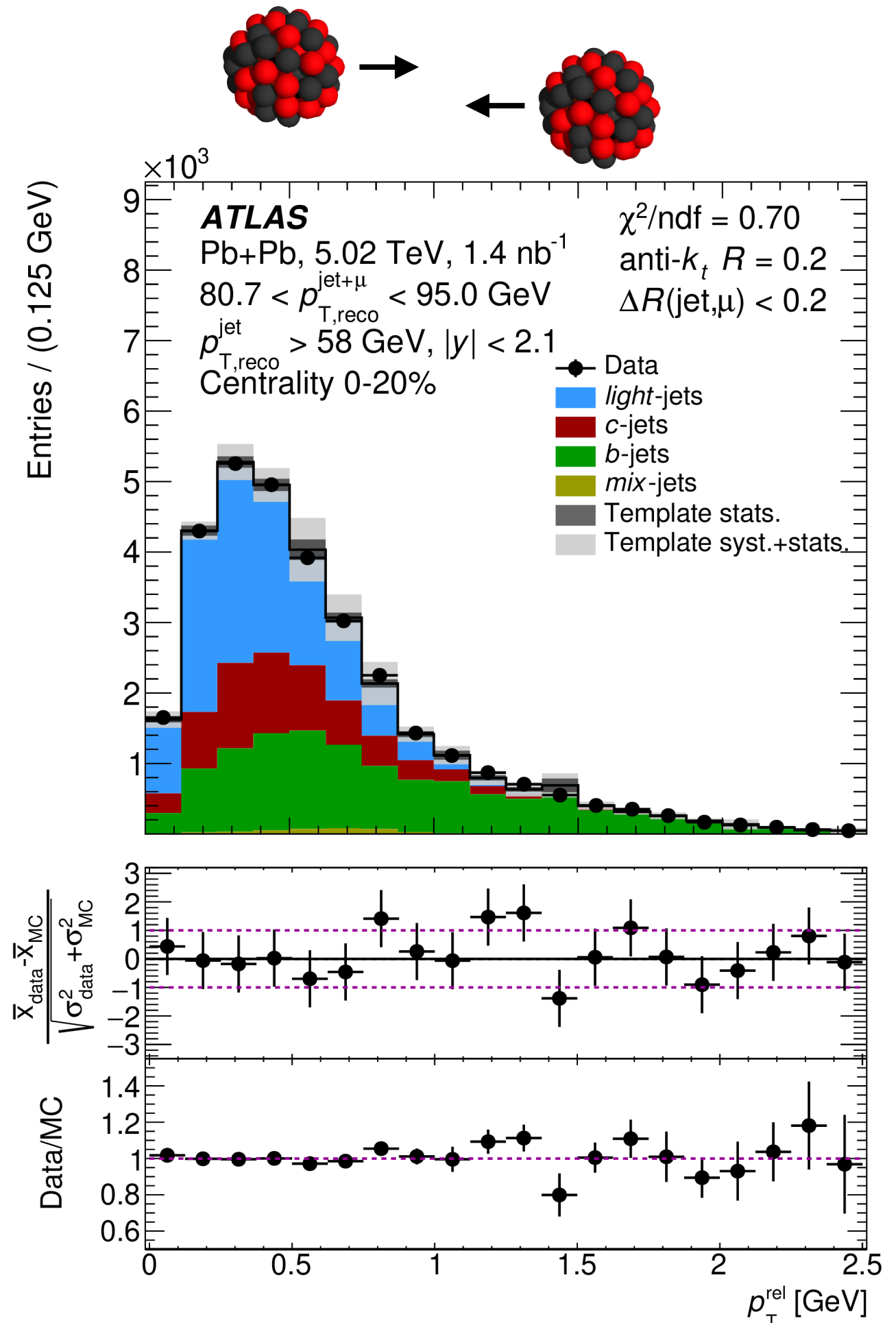
*b*-fraction estimated using template fit method on muon  $p_T$ -rel distribution

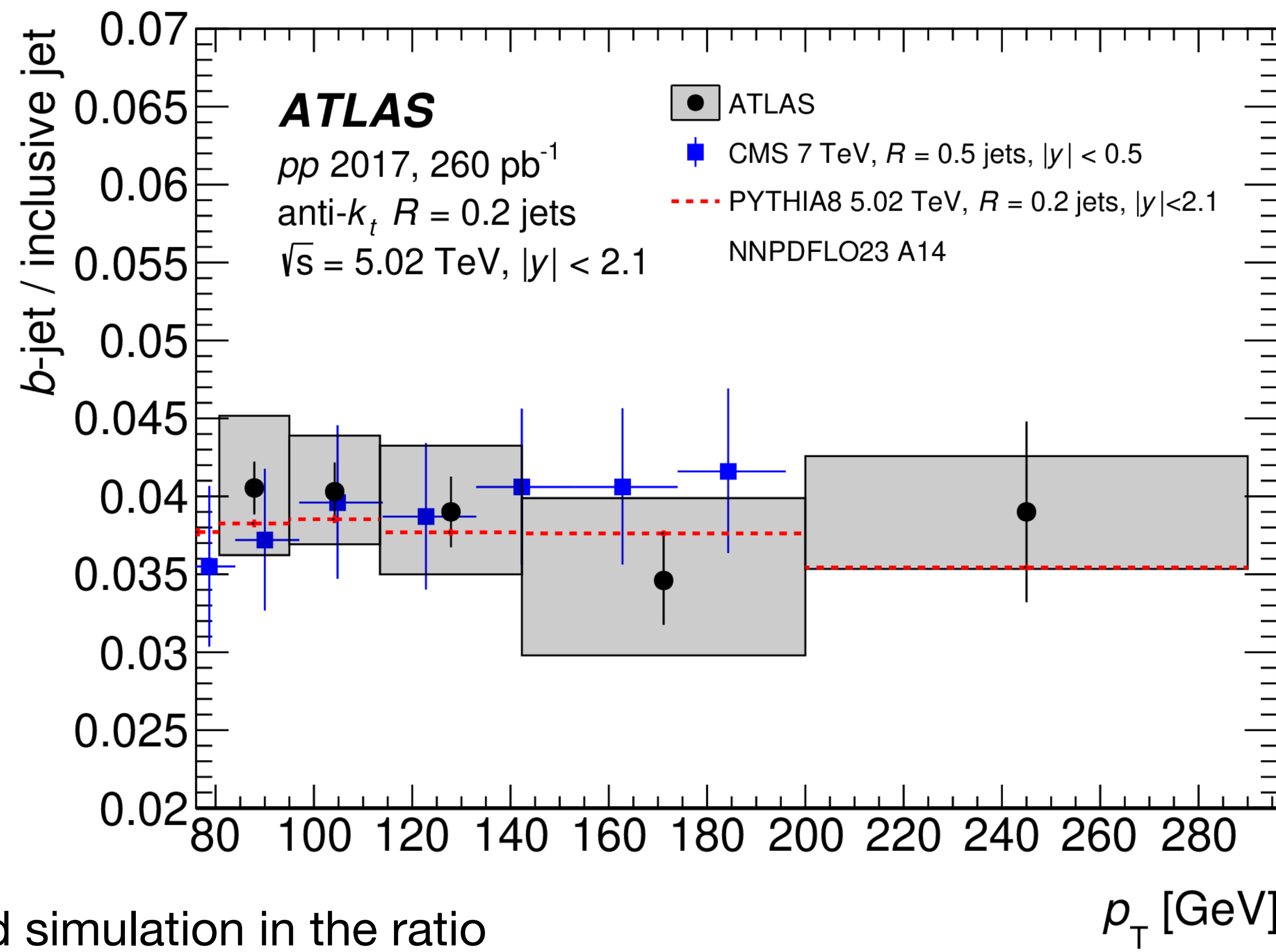
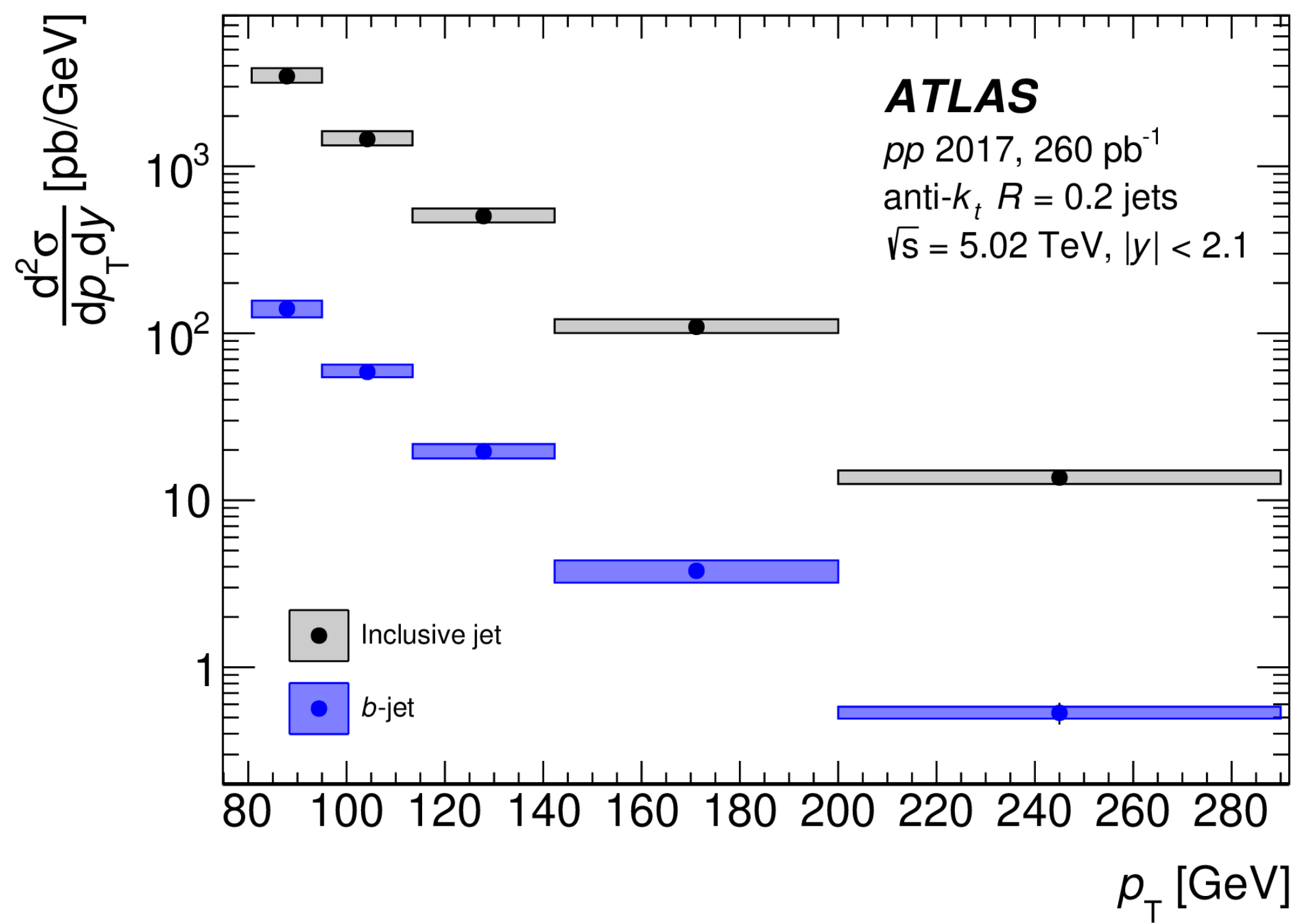
$$p_T^{rel} = ||\vec{p}_\mu \times \vec{u}||, \text{ where } \vec{u} = \frac{\vec{p}_{jet+\mu}}{||\vec{p}_{jet+\mu}||} \text{ is the jet} + \mu \text{ axis}$$



- Muon selection:
- Muon  $p_T > 4$  GeV
  - $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \text{muon}) < R$

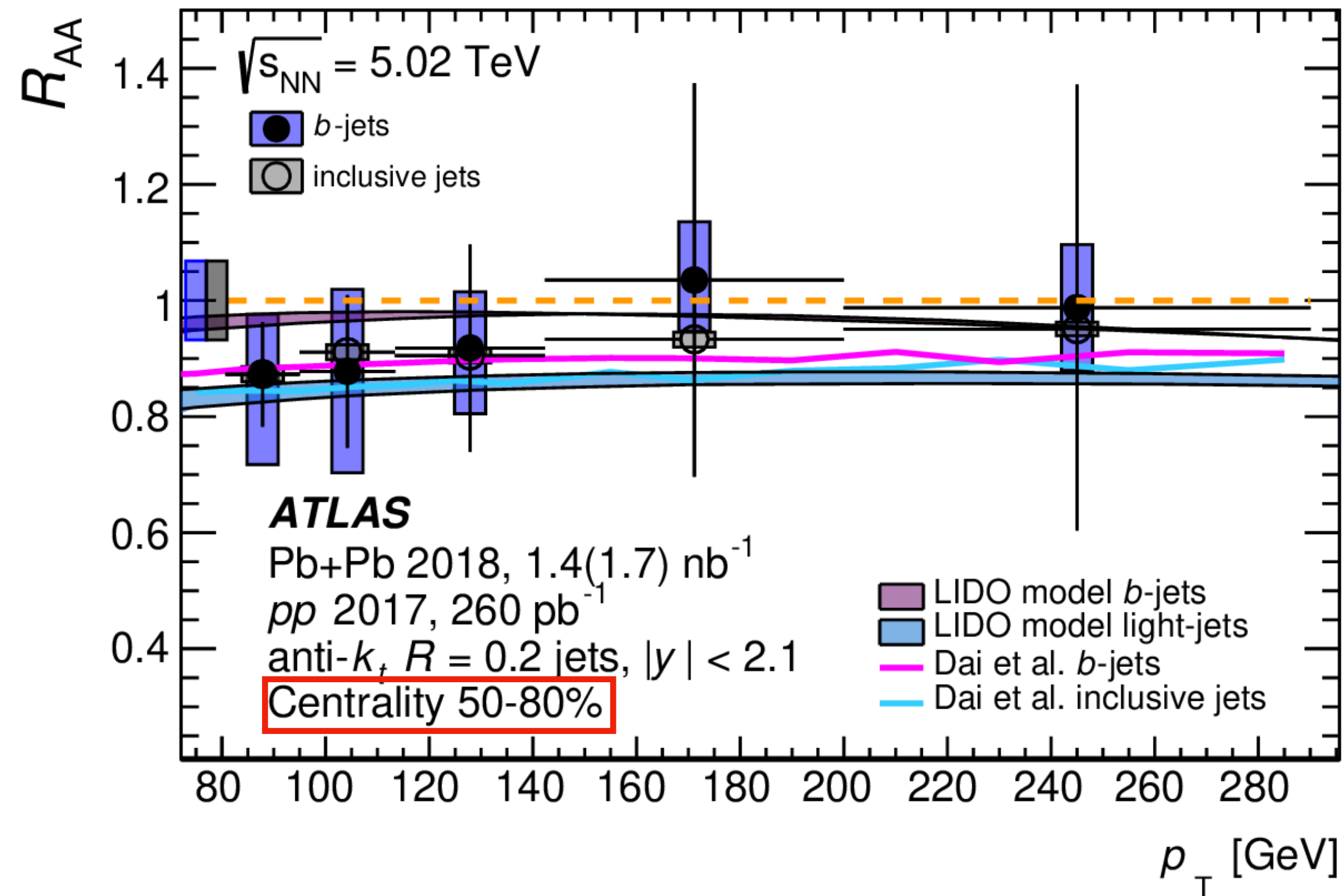
Raw *b*-jet spectra obtained from fit is **unfolded** to correct detector effects and **missing neutrino energy**





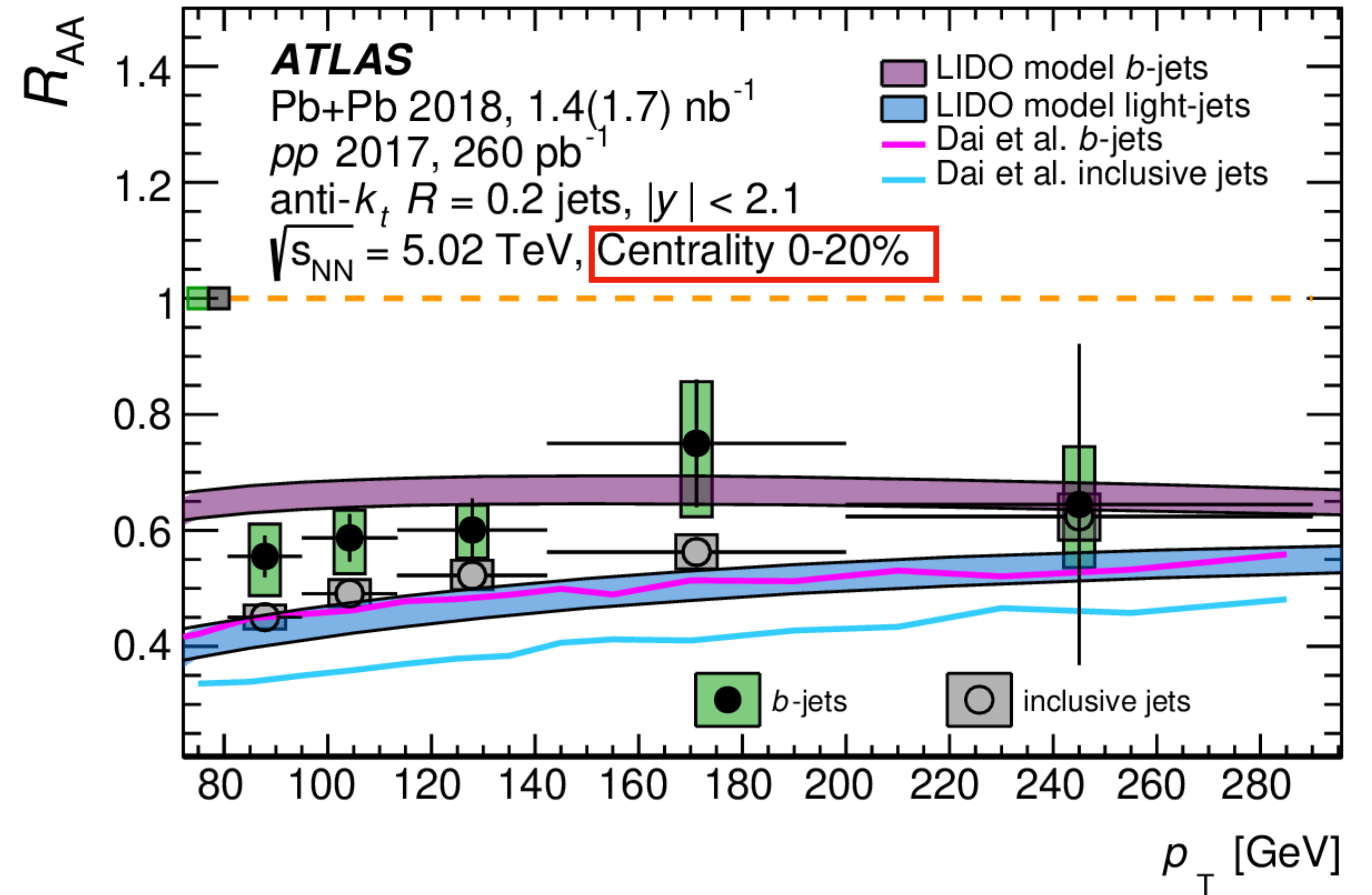
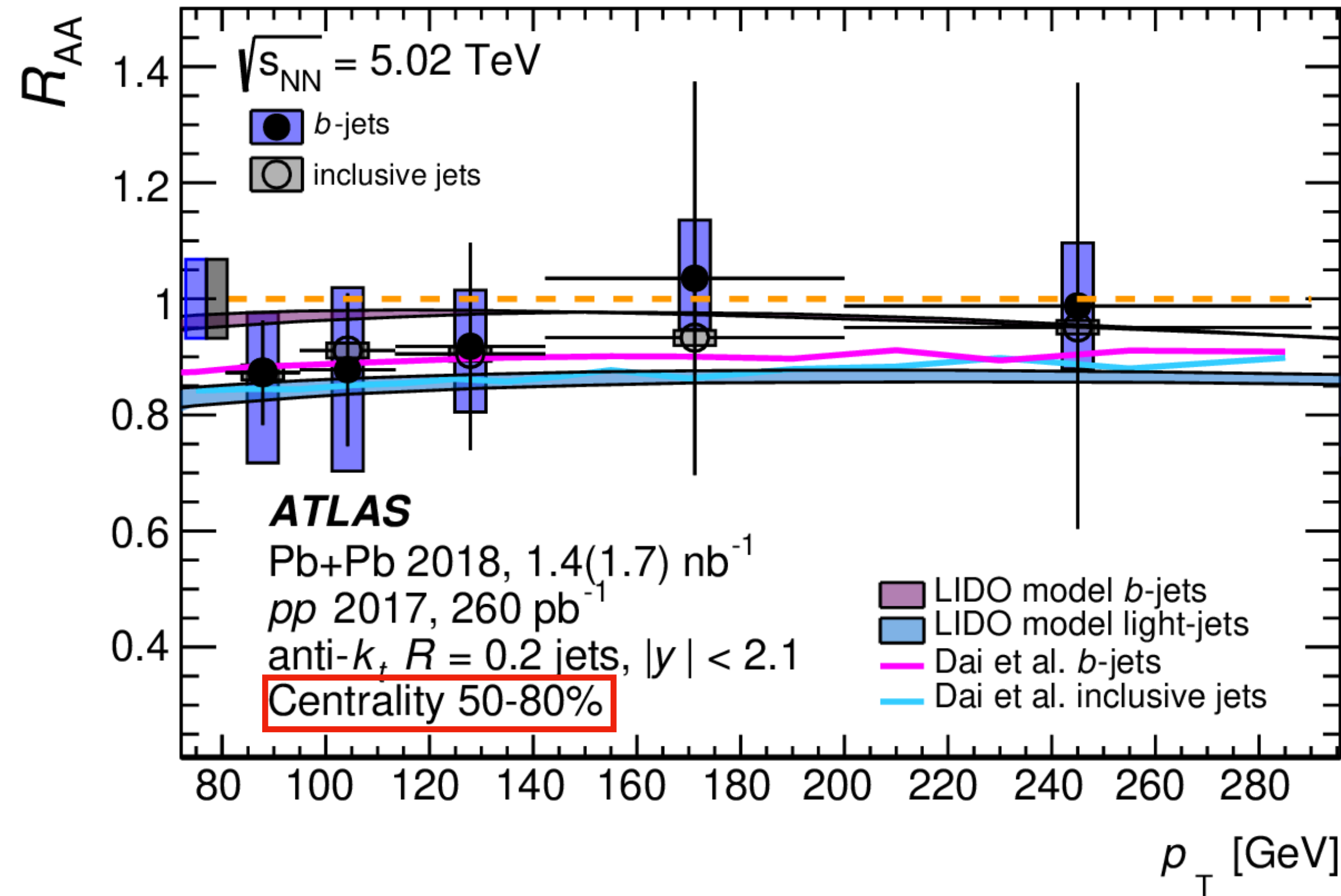
*b*-jet to inclusive *R*=0.2 cross-section ratio:

- Good agreement found between data and simulation in the ratio
- Comparison to CMS results consistent within errors
- Ratio consistent with flat within uncertainties, relevant for *R*<sub>AA</sub> modification interpretation



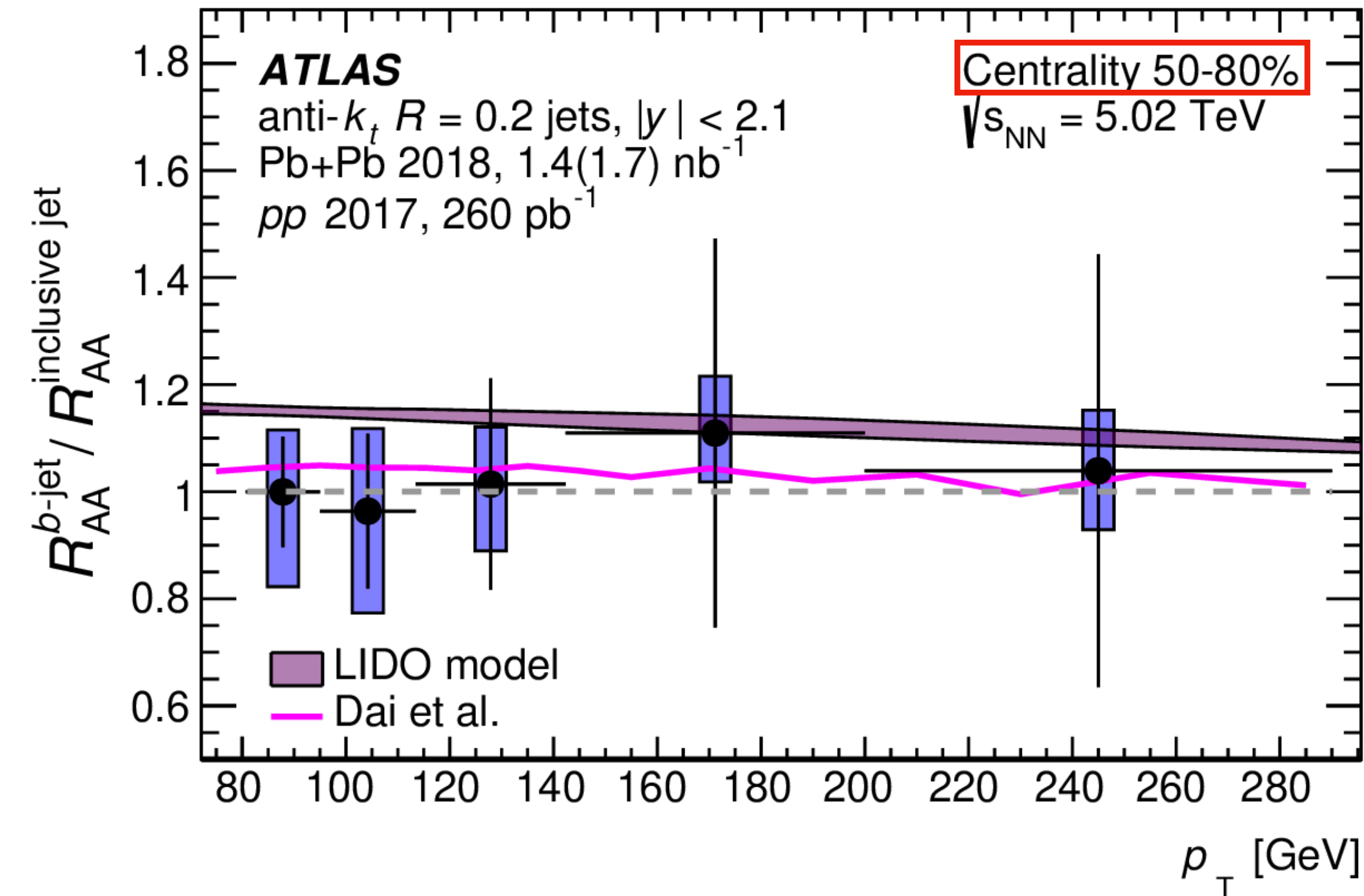
Nuclear modification factor,  $R_{AA}$ , measured for  $b$ -jets and inclusive jets:

- **Similar suppression in peripheral collisions**
- $b$ -jet found to be less suppressed than inclusive jets in central collisions
- Both calculations capture the  $R_{AA}$  difference
- LIDO calculations reproduce well the measured  $R_{AA}$



Nuclear modification factor,  $R_{AA}$ , measured for  $b$ -jets and inclusive jets:

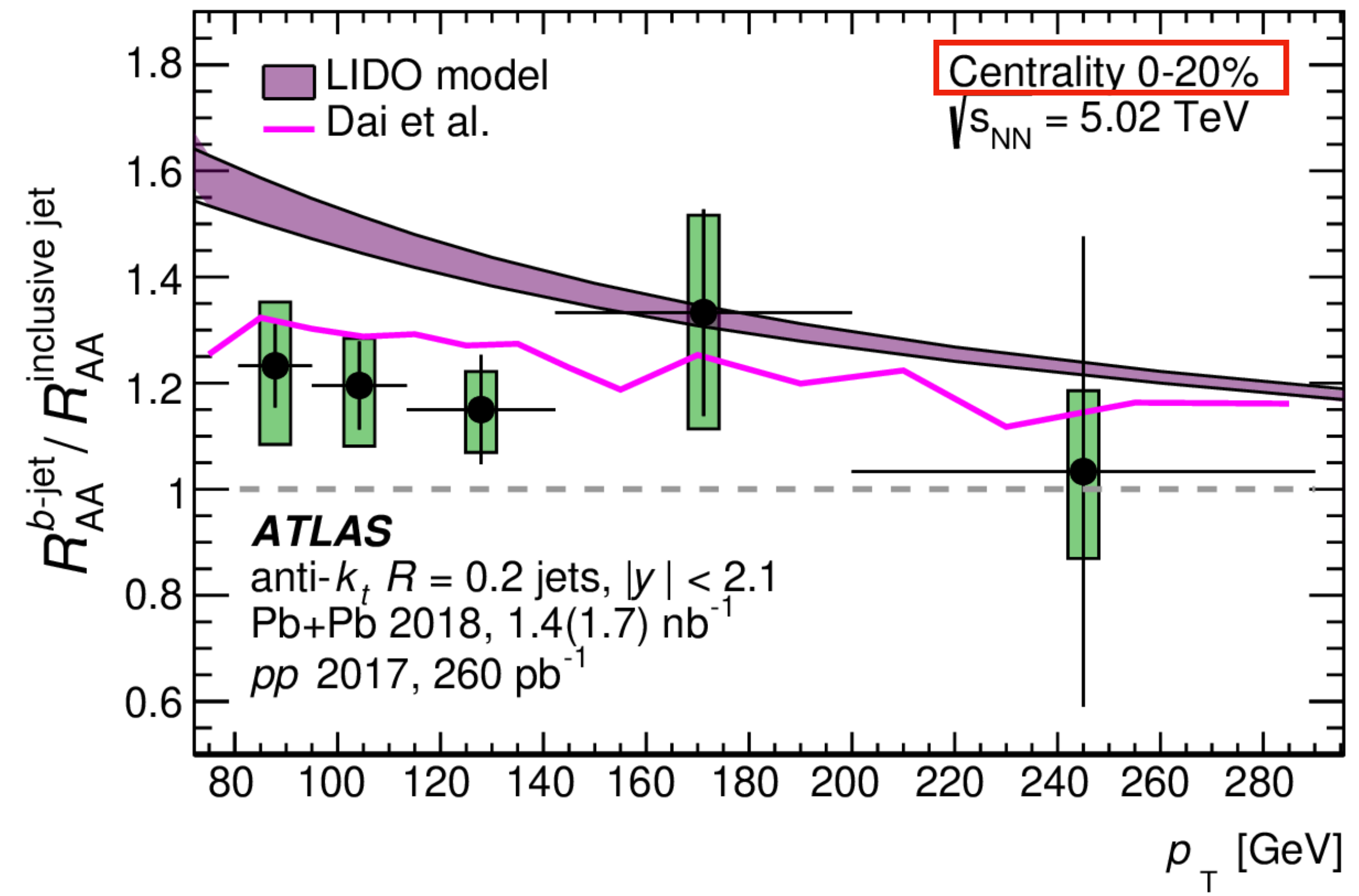
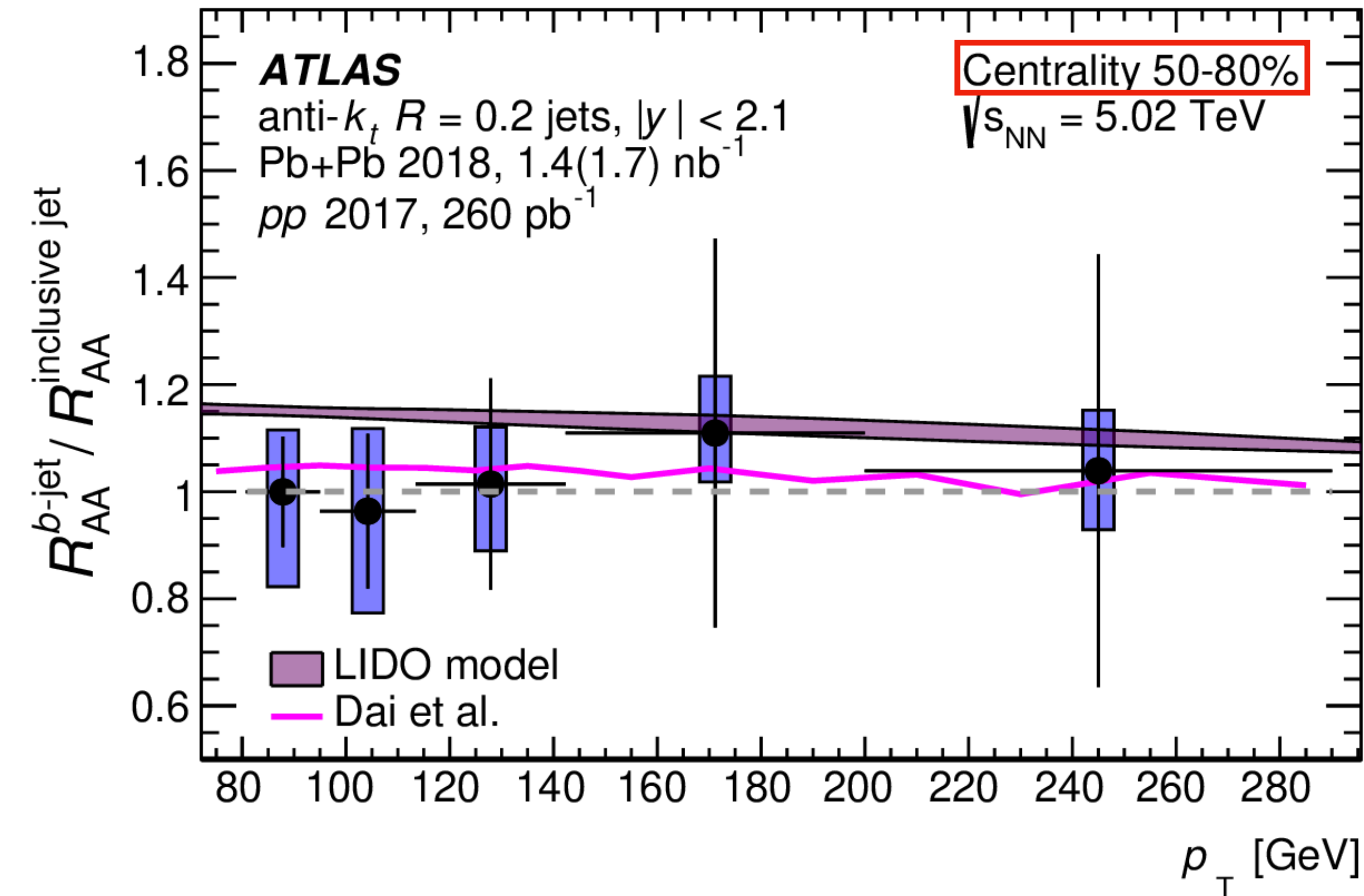
- Similar suppression in peripheral collisions
- **$b$ -jet found to be less suppressed than inclusive jets in central collisions**
- Both calculations capture the  $R_{AA}$  difference
- LIDO calculations reproduce the measured  $R_{AA}$  better



Ratio of nuclear modification factor,  $R_{AA}$ , between  $b$ -jets and inclusive jets:

- Smaller systematic uncertainties than  $R_{AA}$ , systematic uncertainties which are shared cancel in ratio
- Ratio **consistent with unity in peripheral** and  $\sim 20\%$  above unity in central collisions
- Dai et al, calculations reproduce well  $R_{AA}$  ratio

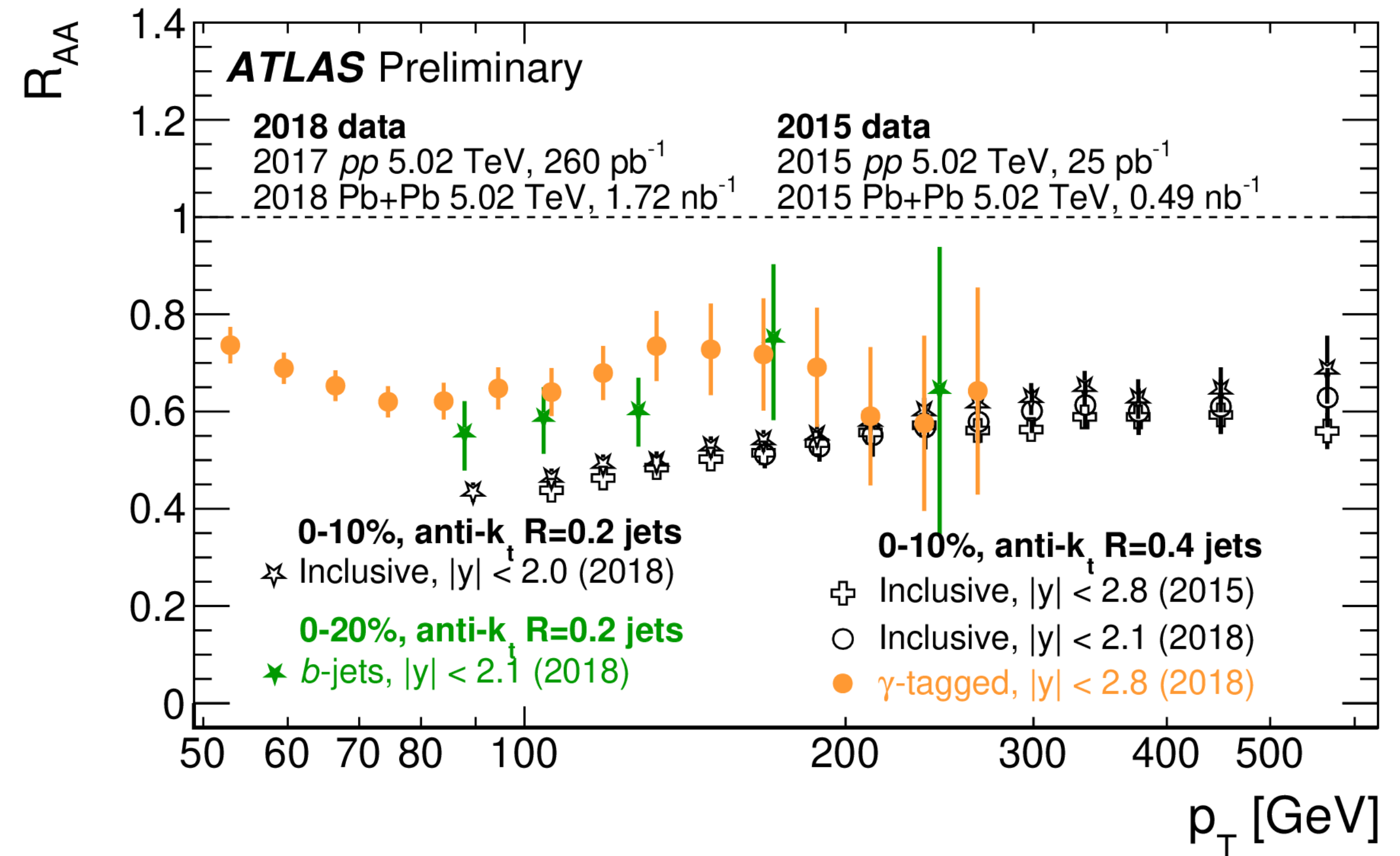
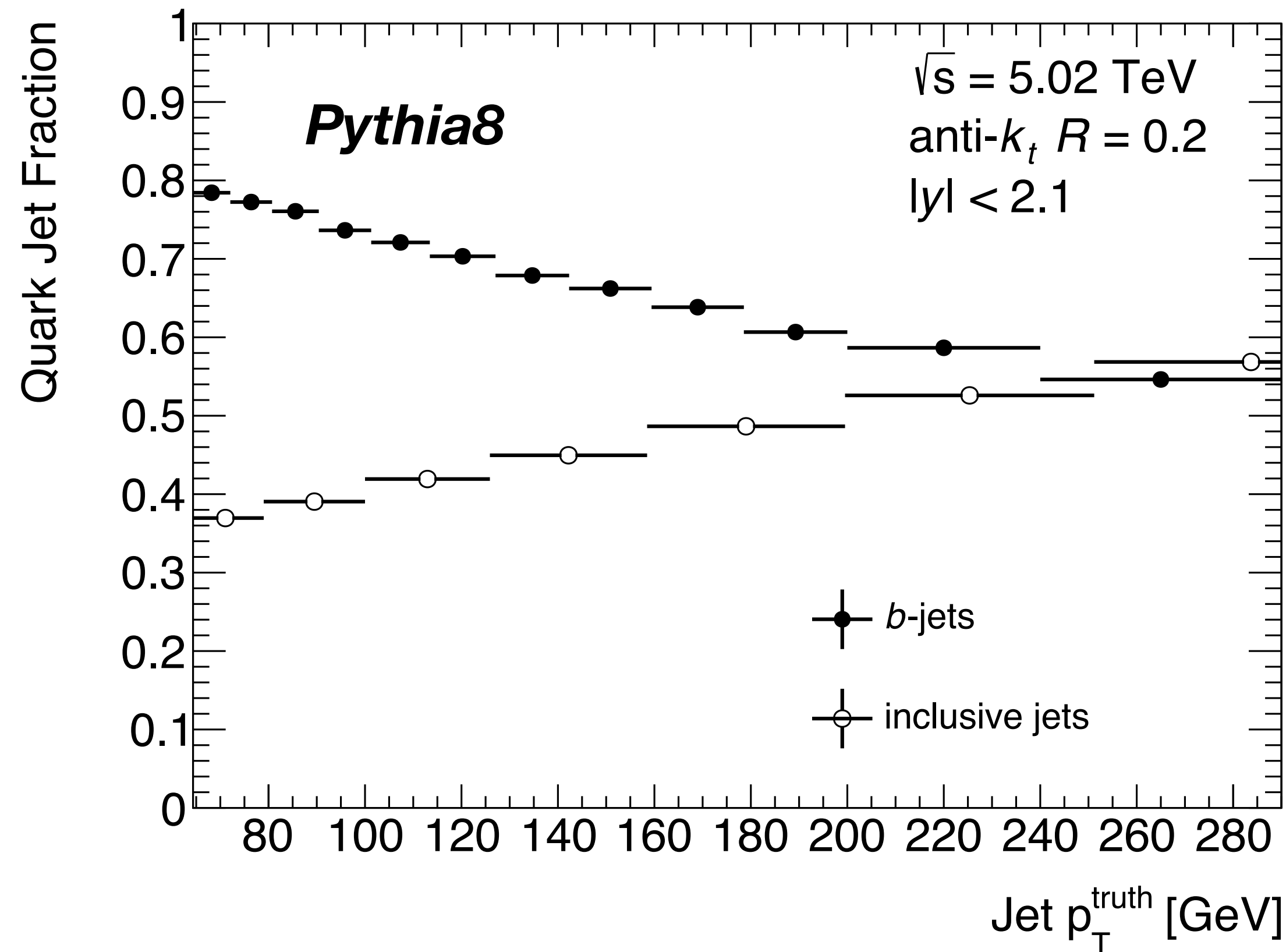




Ratio of nuclear modification factor,  $R_{AA}$ , between *b*-jets and inclusive jets:

- Smaller systematic uncertainties than  $R_{AA}$ , systematic uncertainties which are shared cancel in ratio
- Ratio consistent with unity in peripheral and **~20% above unity in central collisions**
- Dai et al, calculations are able to reproduce  $R_{AA}$  ratio better than LIDO

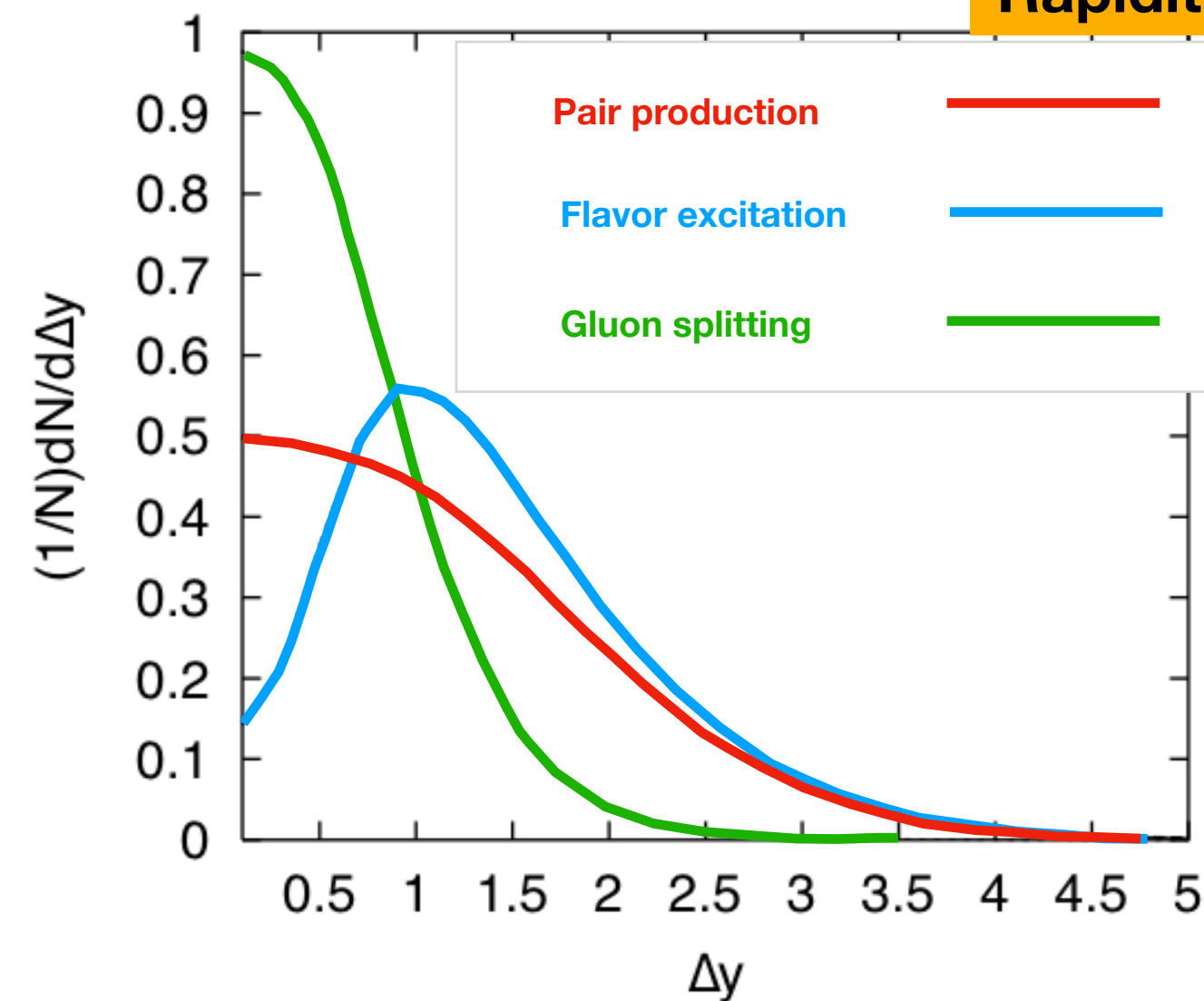
## *b*-jets vs inclusive jets



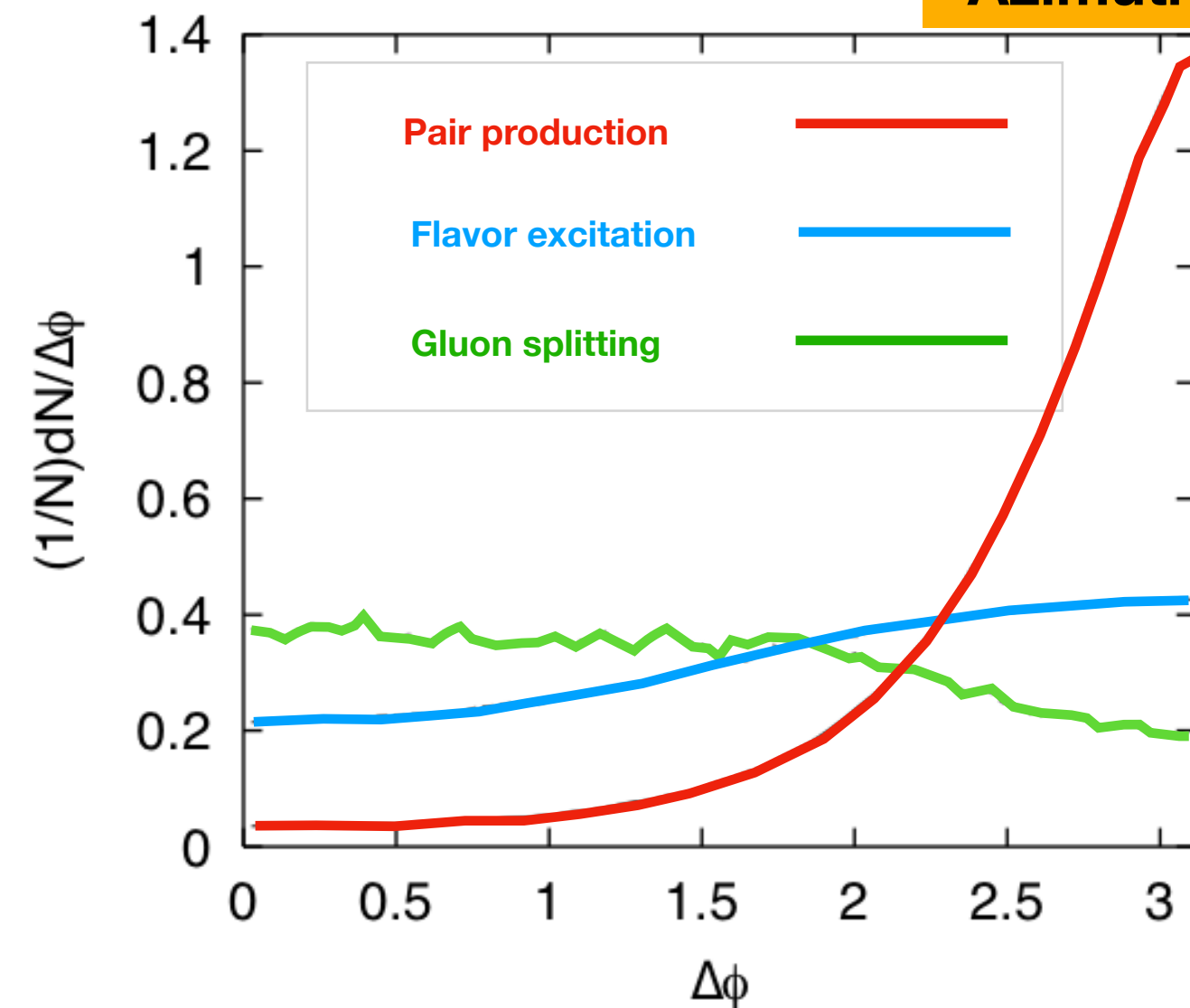
- Large contribution from gluon-splitting
  - *b*-jets are sensitive to quark mass but also flavor
  - different fragmentation than direct *b* production

- **$\gamma$ -tagged jets** (dominated by quarks) can help in isolating the mass effect
  - Caveat: different  $R$  and centrality, spectra

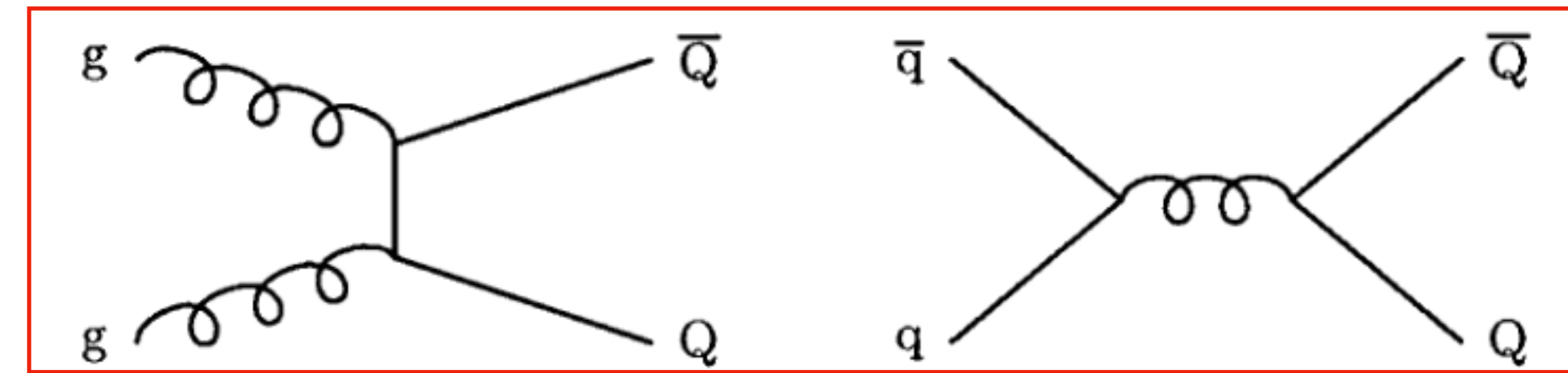
**Rapidity Correlation**



**Azimuthal Correlation**



$b - \bar{b}$  correlation at 2 TeV from pQCD



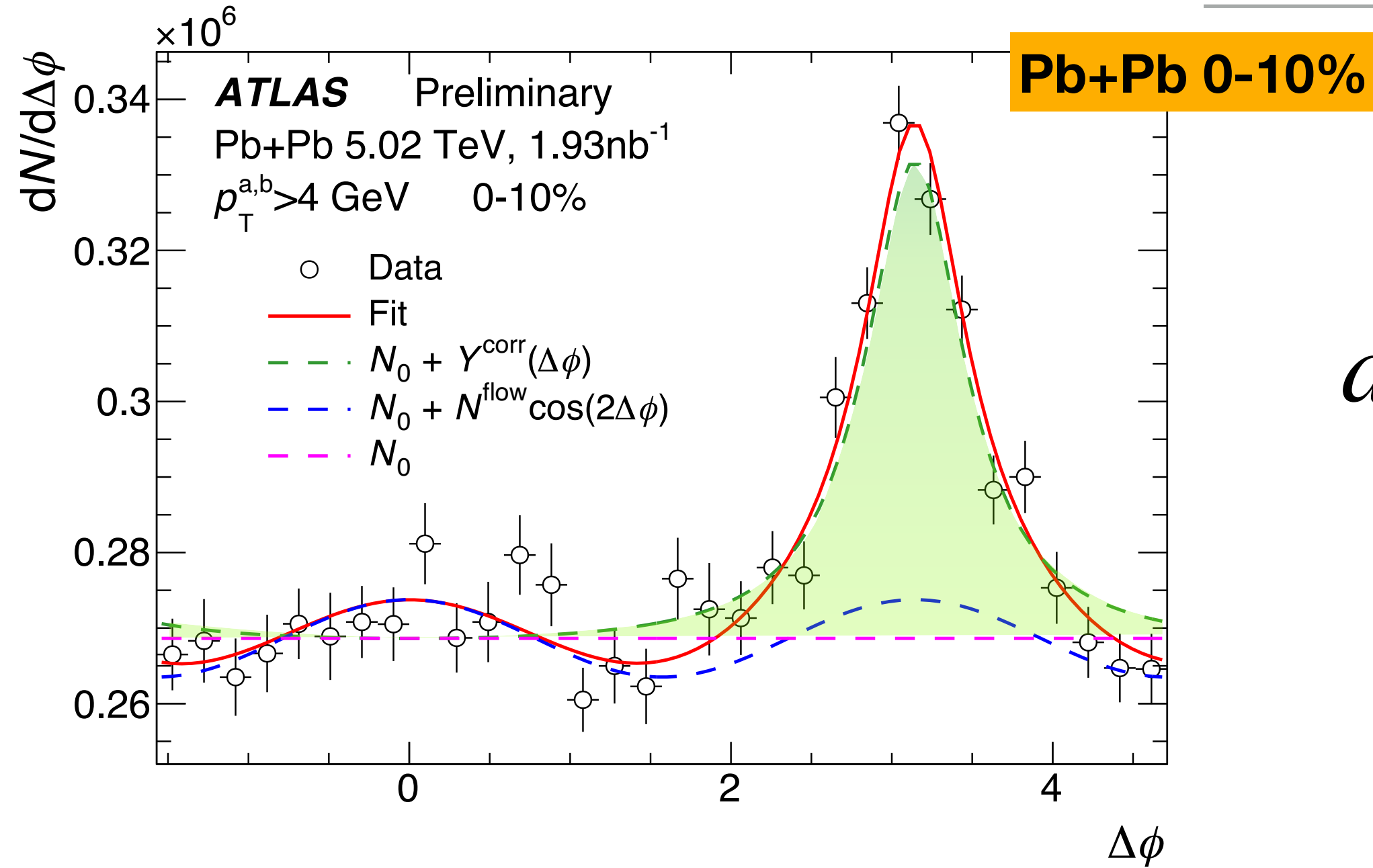
**back-to-back** muon pairs from LO **pair production** processes sensitive to induced angular broadening:

Rapidity gap between two muons:  $|\Delta\eta| > 0.8$

- Suppress HF-bkg contribution from jets
- Suppress **gluon splitting** contribution

Azimuthal correlation at  $\Delta\phi \sim \pi$ :

- Enhanced Back-to-back **pair production** contribution
- Smaller contribution of **flavor excitation**
- Small non-HF bkg contamination



$$dN/d\Delta\phi = N_0 + N^{\text{flow}} \cos(2\Delta\phi) + Y^{\text{corr}}(\Delta\phi)$$

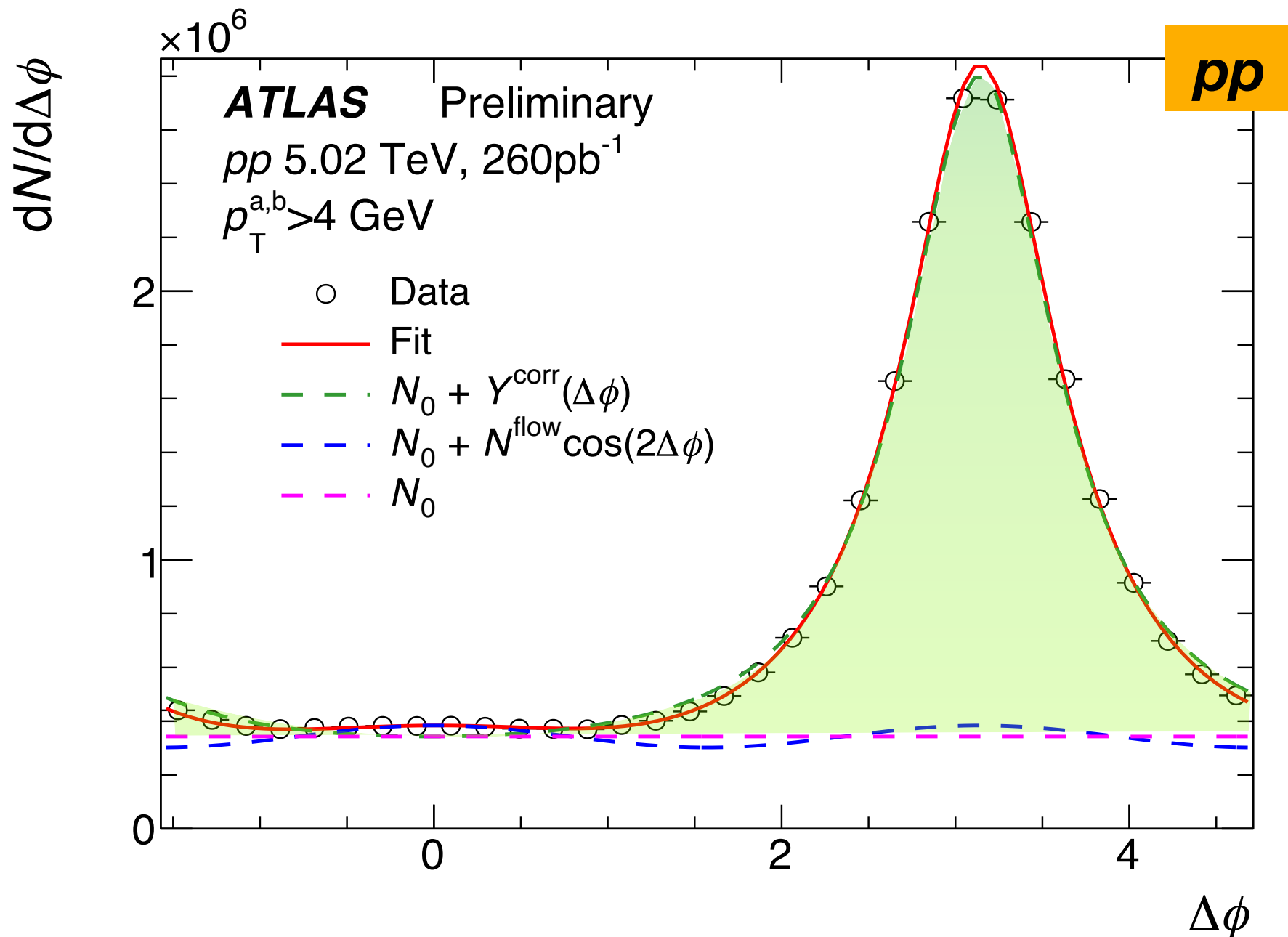
Yields with no azimuthal correlation

Collective flow modulation

Back-to-back correlation yields

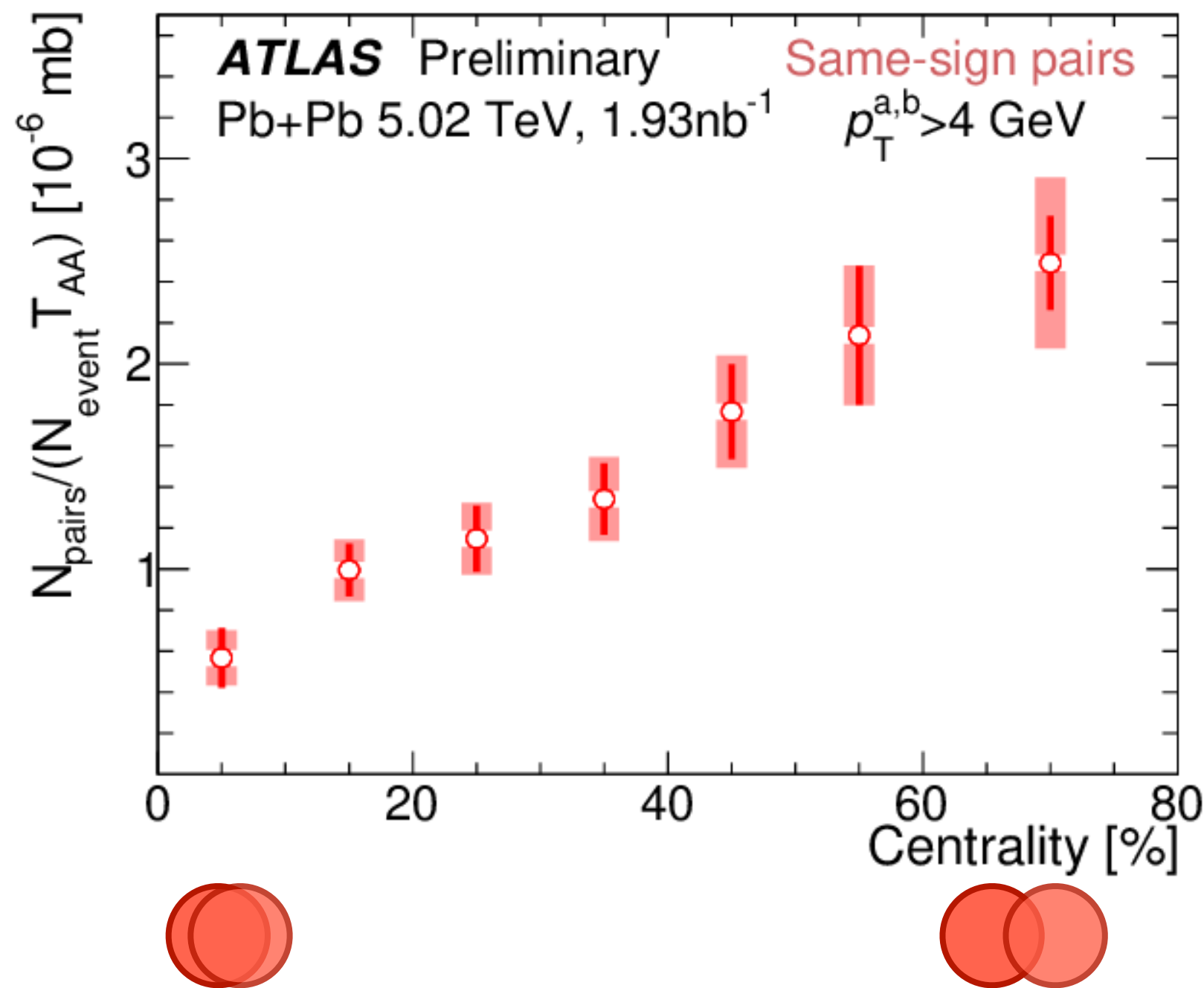
Lorentzian

$$Y^{\text{corr}}(\Delta\phi) = \frac{N^{\text{corr}}}{(\Delta\phi - \pi)^2 + \tau^2} - N^{\text{pedestal}}$$

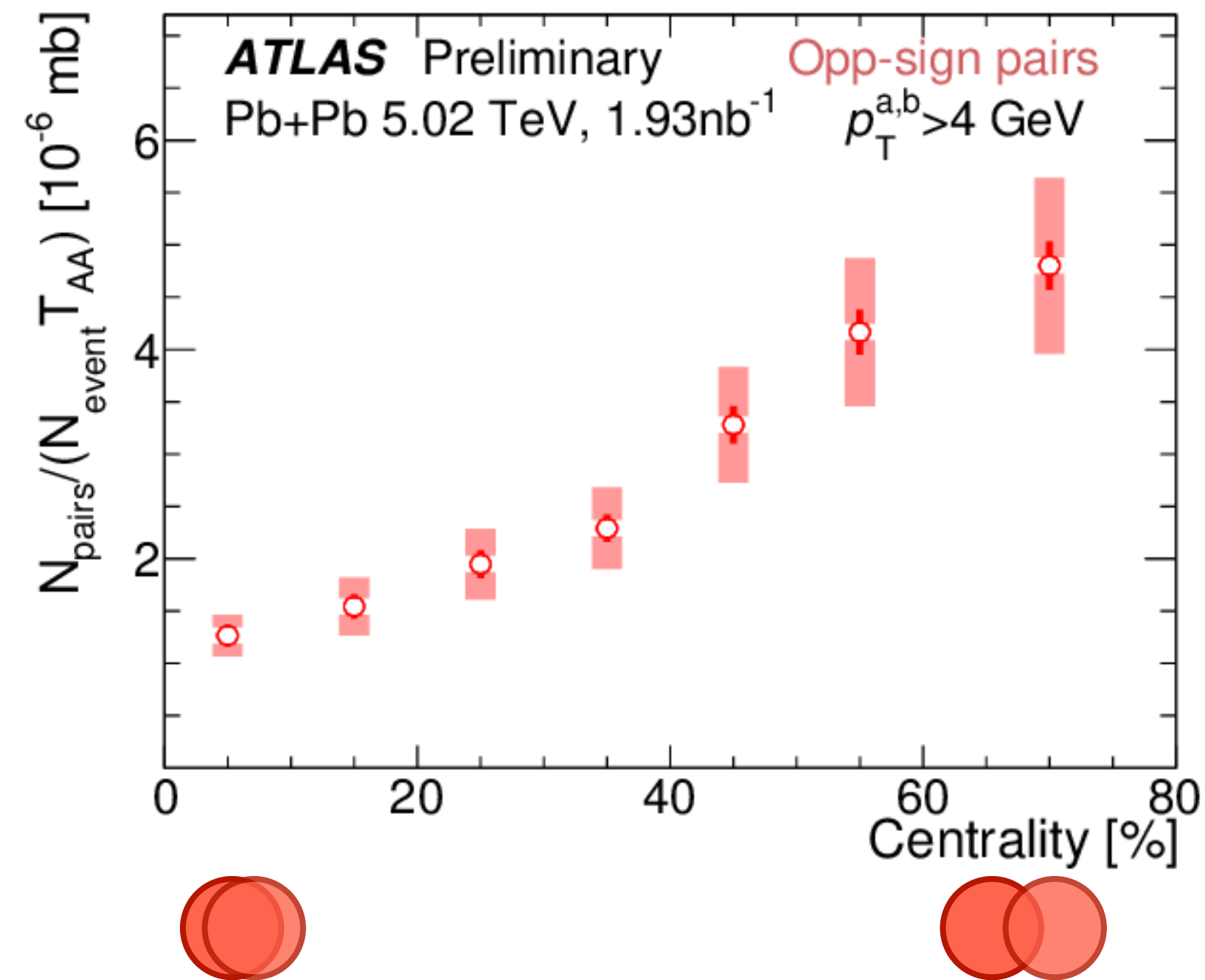


- Correlated yields ( $N^{\text{corr}}$ ) and its width ( $\tau$ ) are extracted
- Separately for same-sign ( $b\bar{b}$ ) and opposite-sign ( $c\bar{c} + b\bar{b}$ ) HF pairs

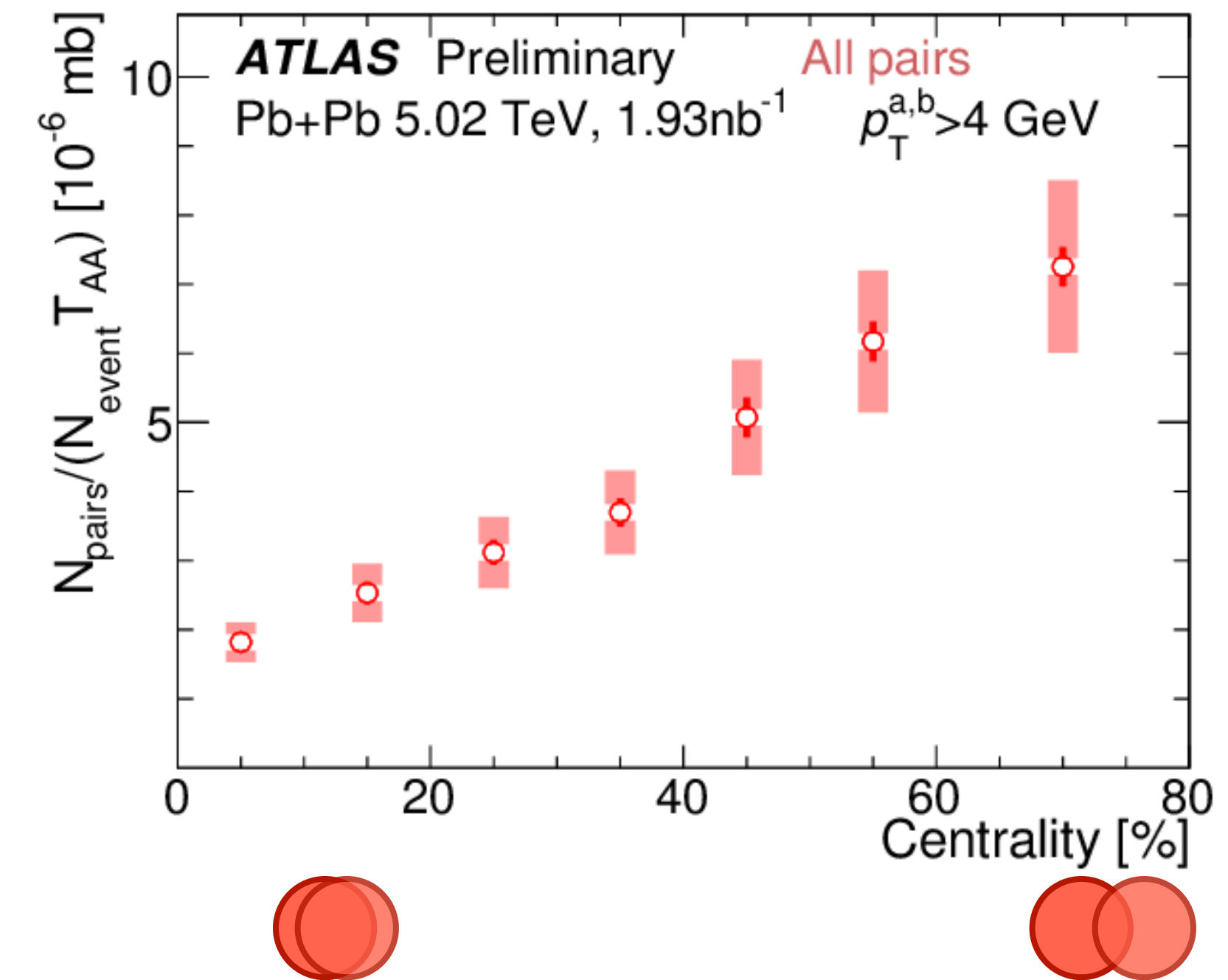
Same-sign ( $b\bar{b}$ )



Opposite-sign ( $c\bar{c} + b\bar{b}$ )



All pairs

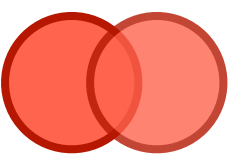
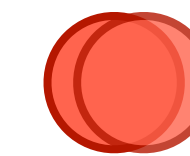
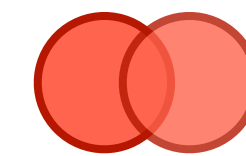
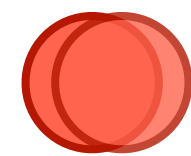
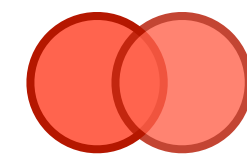
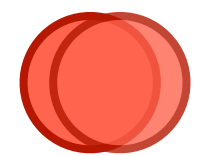
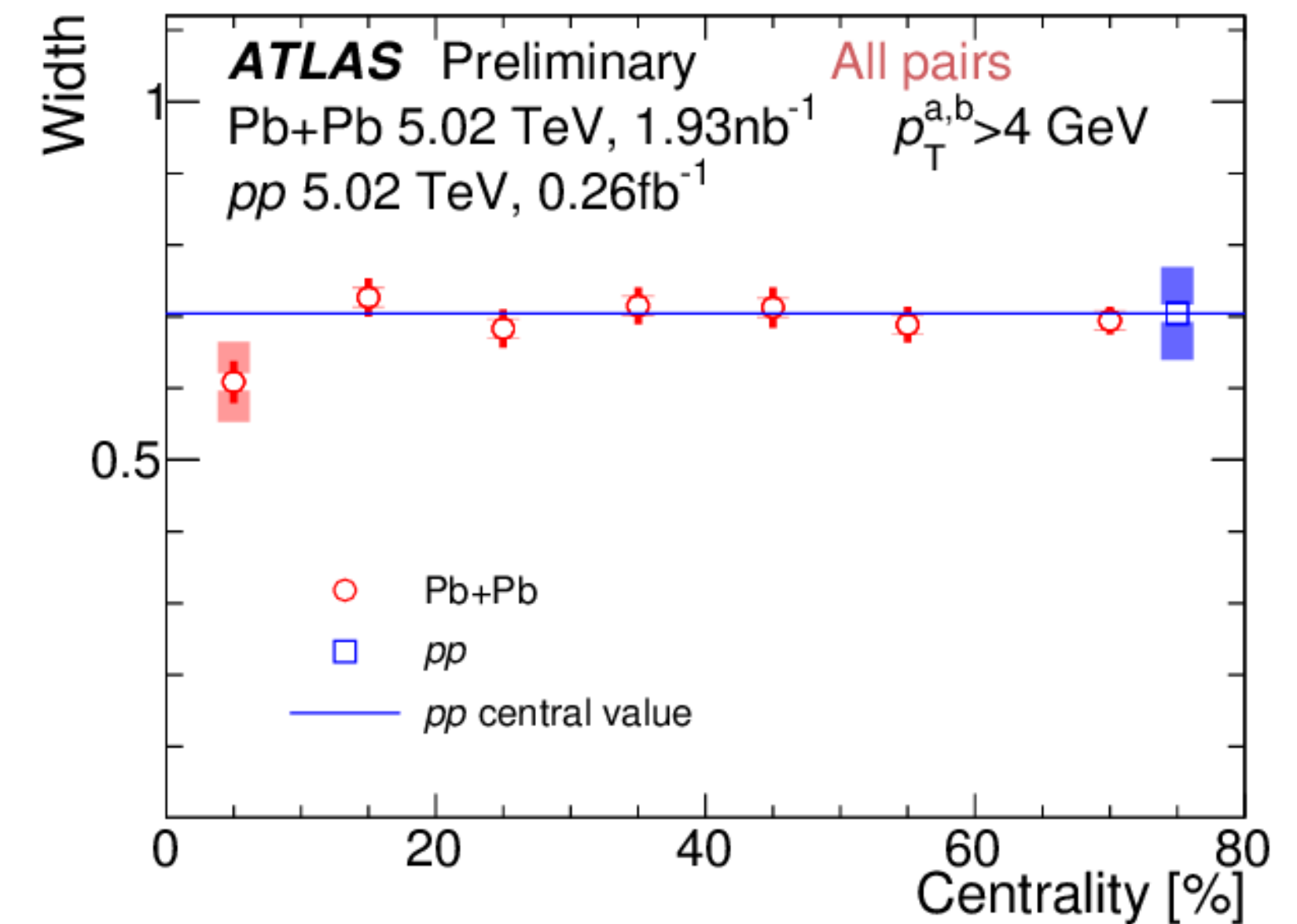
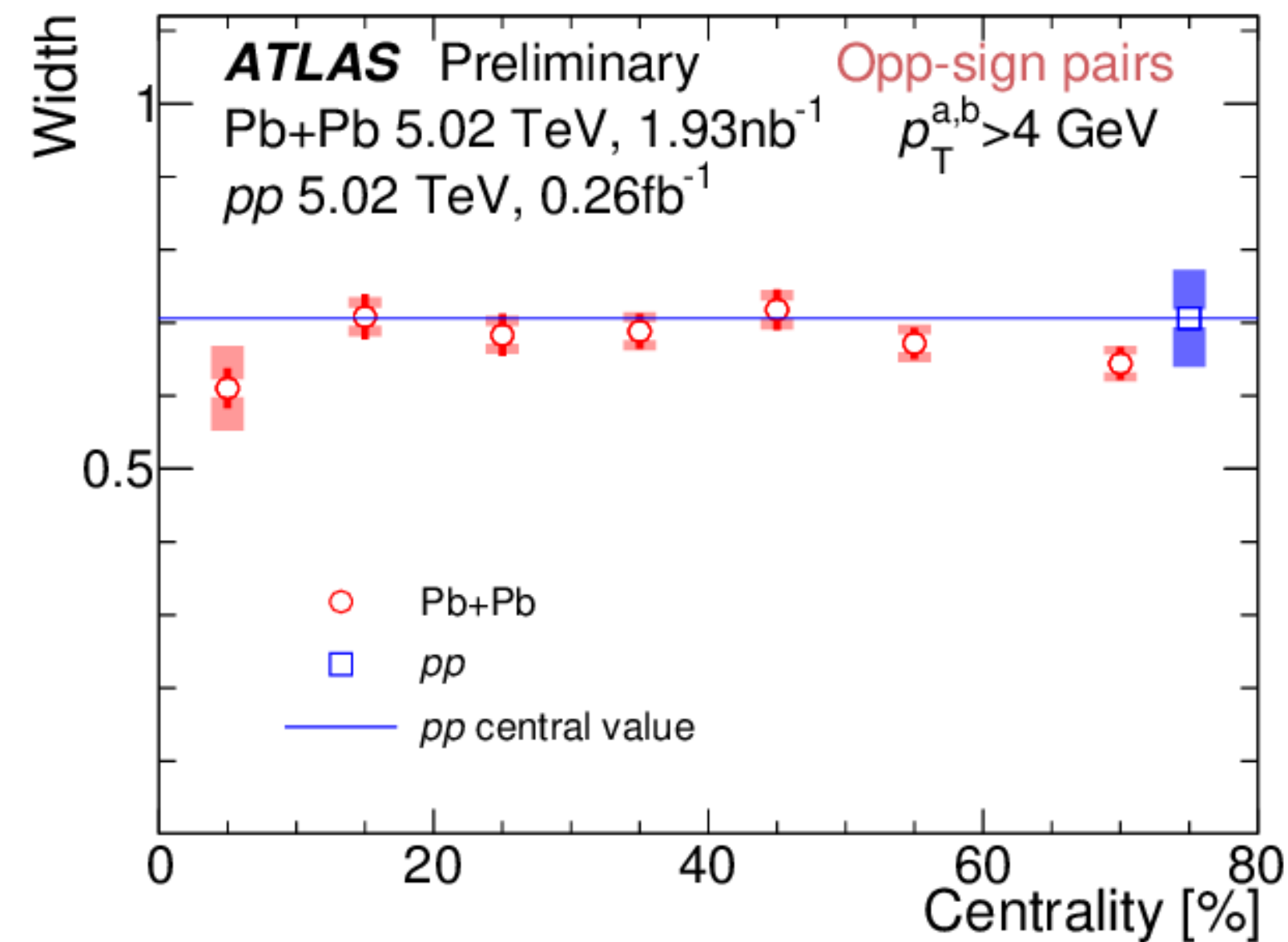
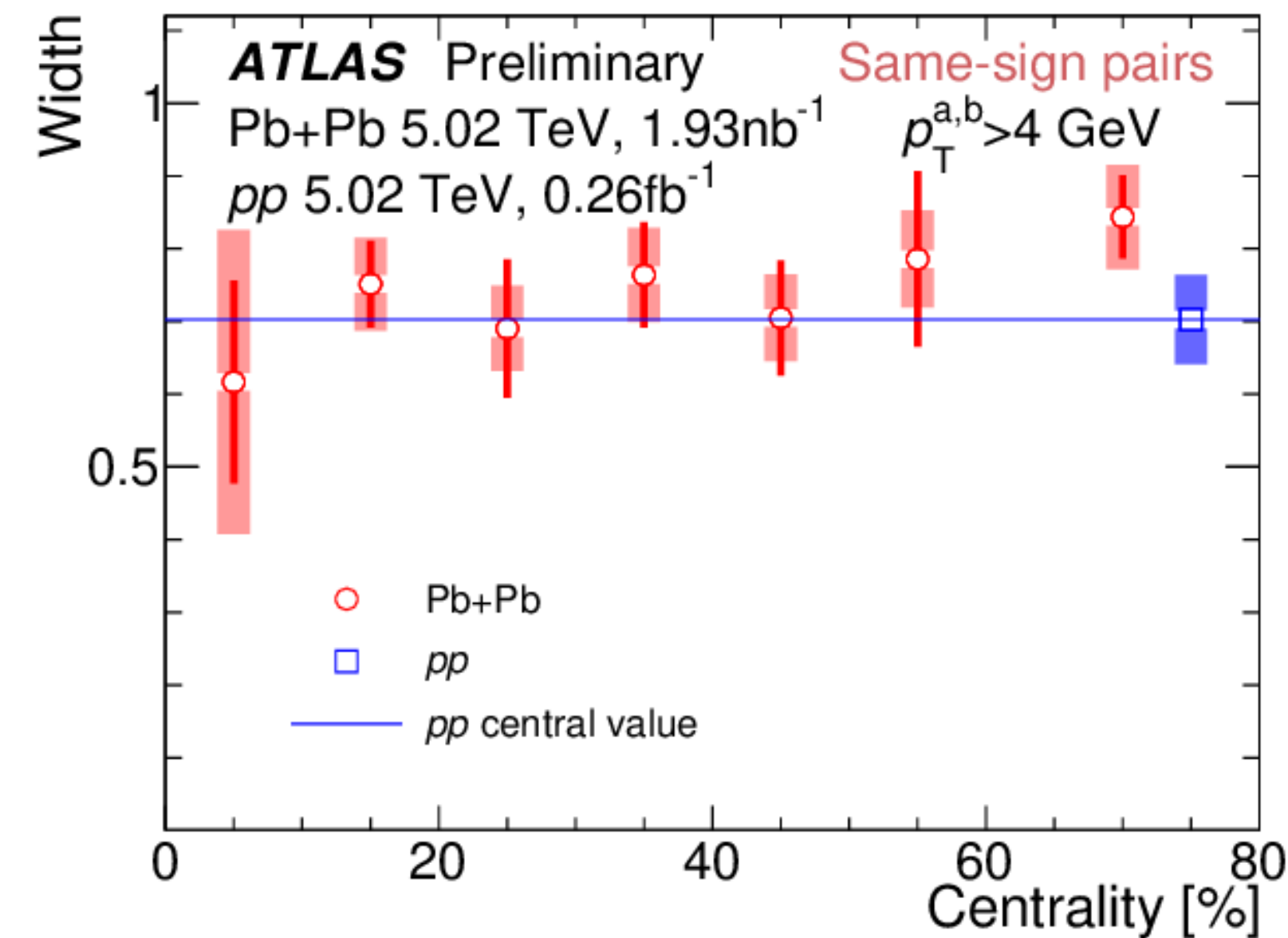


- Larger suppression on back-to-back HF pair production in central wrt. peripheral
- Same-sign and Opposite-sign pairs have a similar trend

Same-sign ( $b\bar{b}$ )

Opposite-sign ( $c\bar{c} + b\bar{b}$ )

All pairs



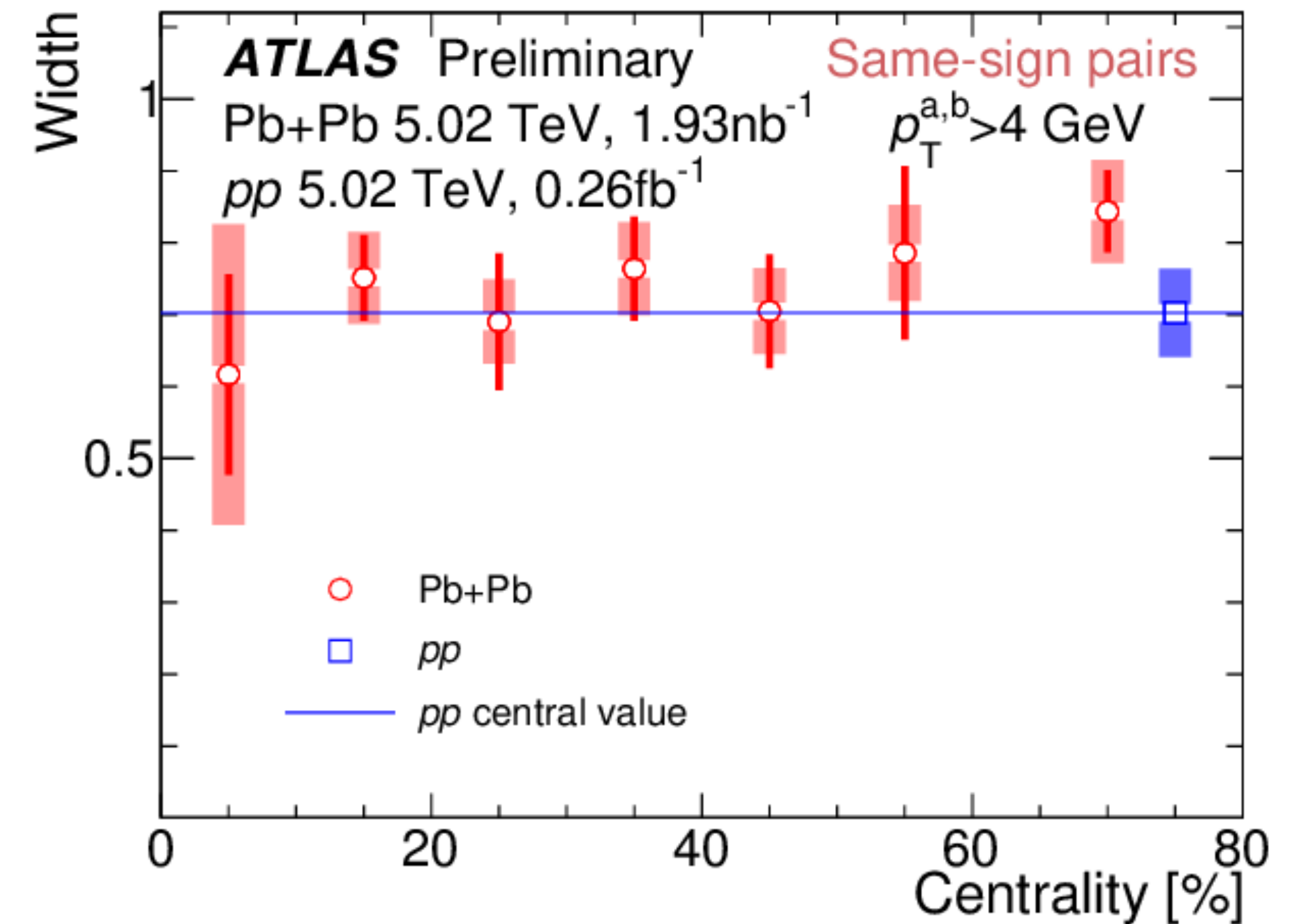
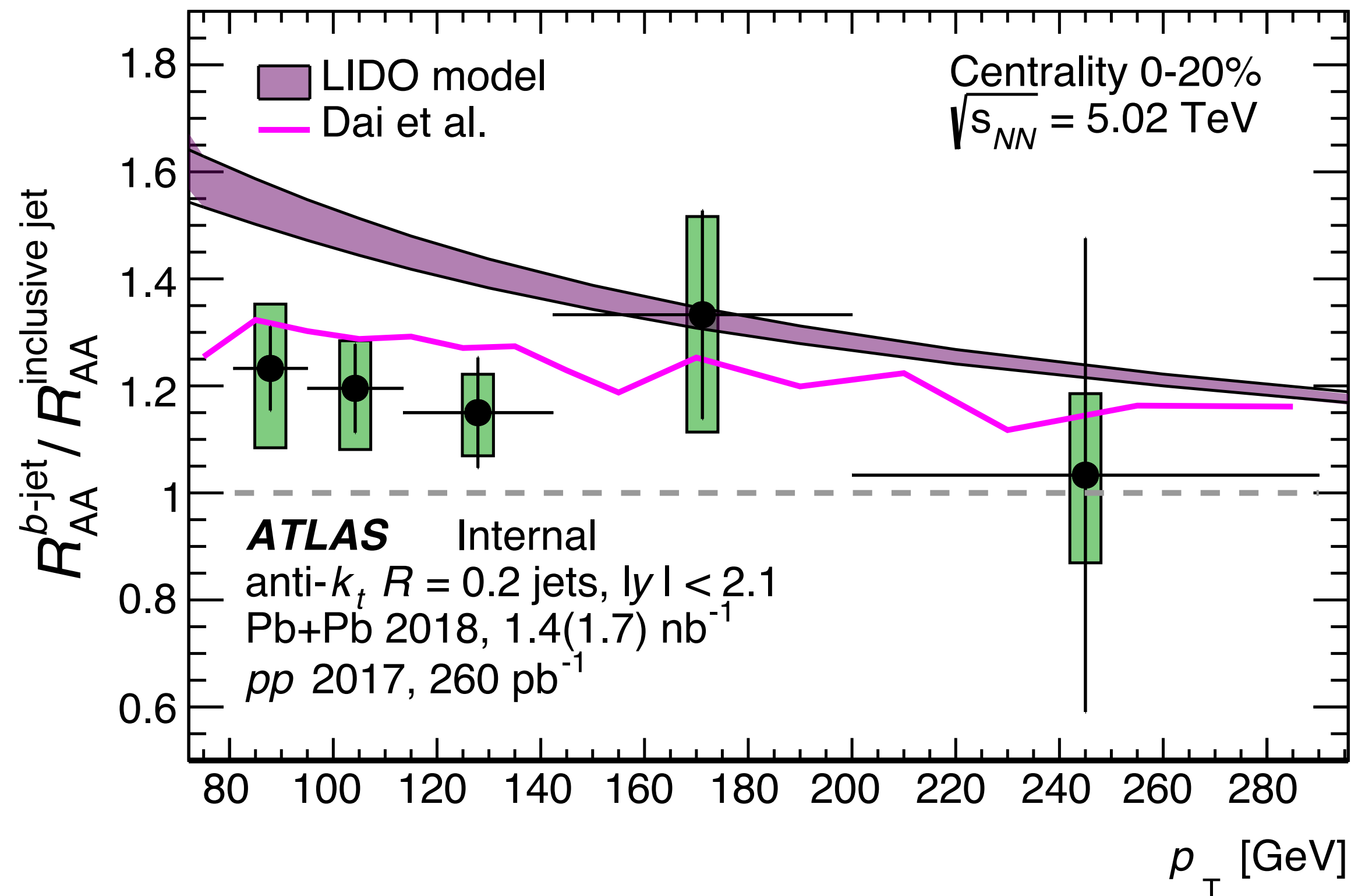
- Comparable width between different centralities and between Pb+Pb and  $pp$
- Centrality-independent width indicates small angular deflection.  
 In weakly interacting picture: important role of radiative energy loss

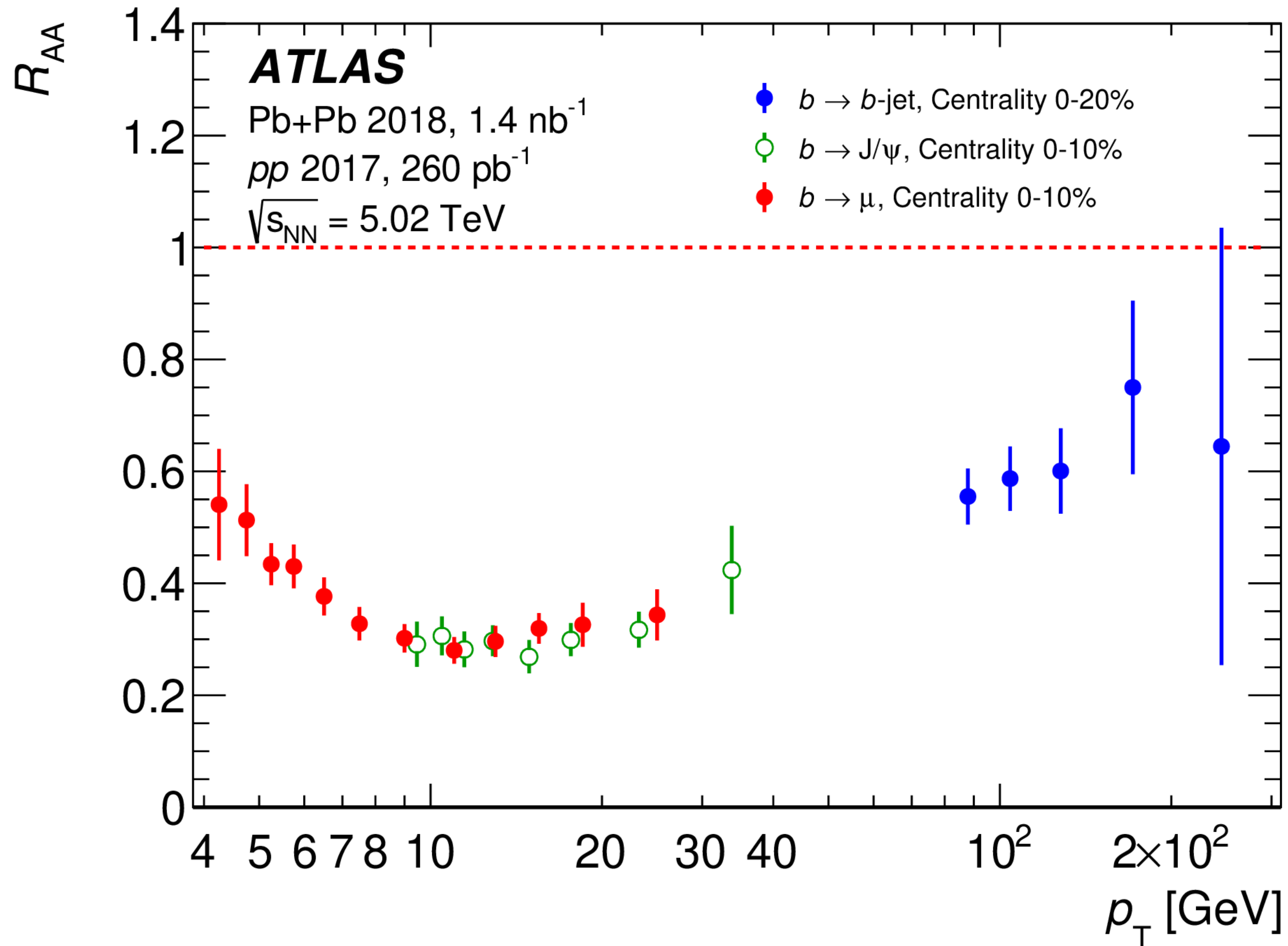
## ***b*-jet $R_{AA}$ measured by tagging semi-leptonic decays**

- *b*-jet in central collisions were found to be **less suppressed than inclusive jets**

## HF pair azimuthal correlation measured with muon pairs

- **No significant broadening observed** in the azimuthal correlation

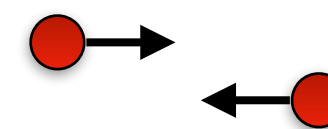
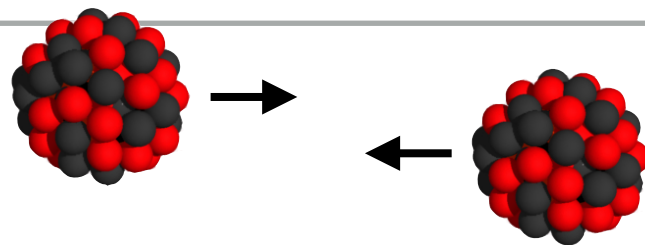




New and more precise results coming for **RUN3 data!**



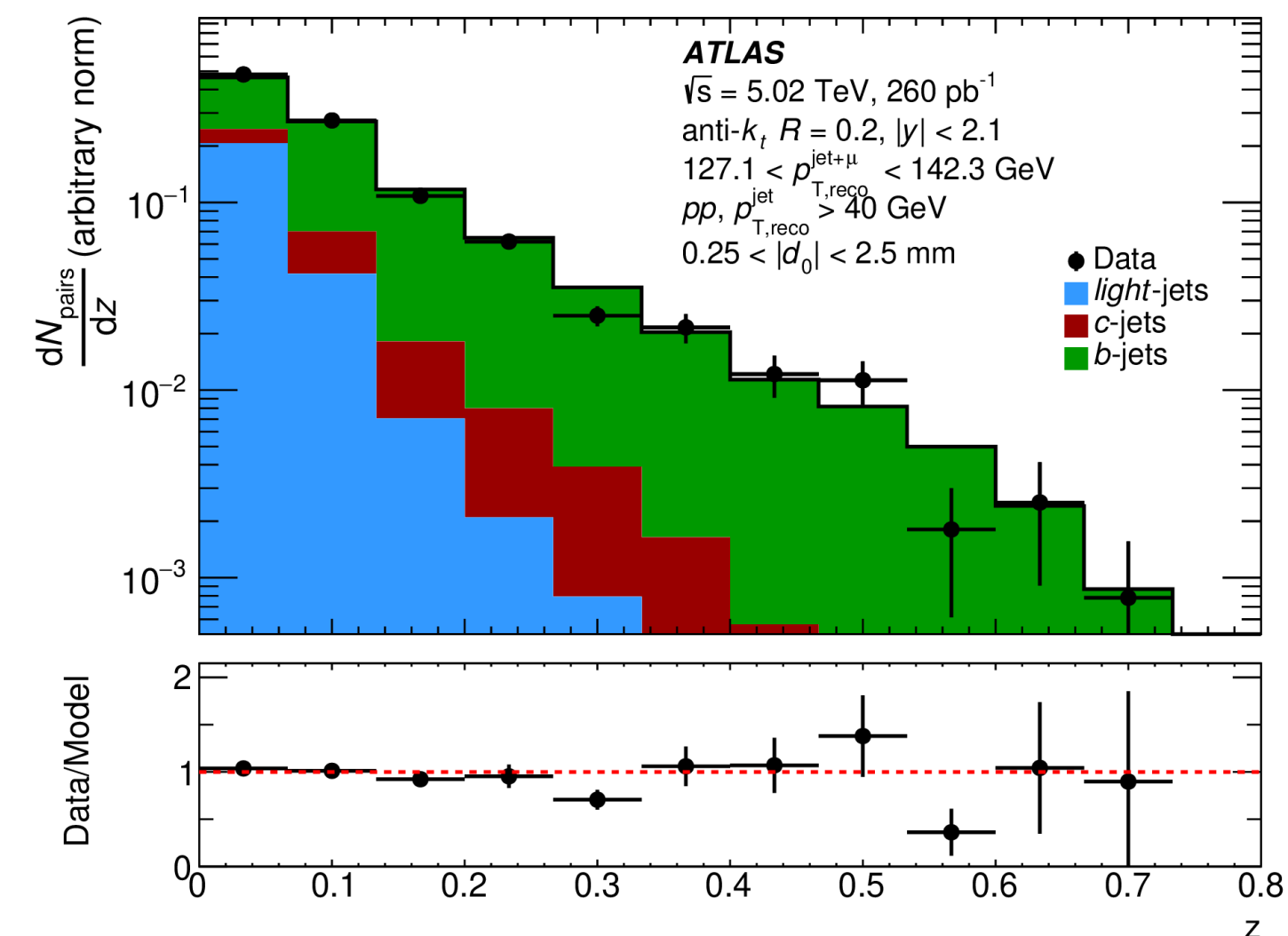
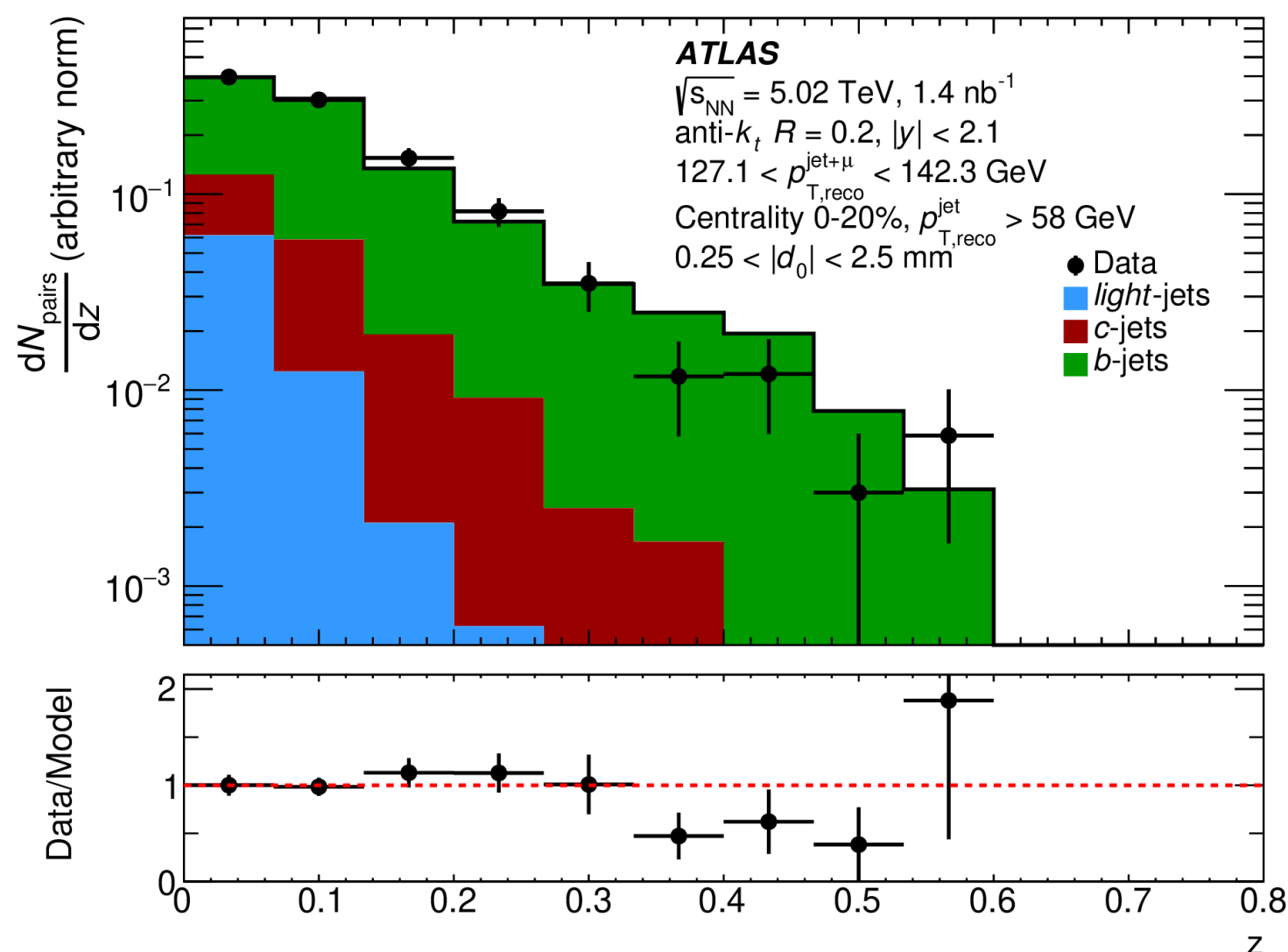
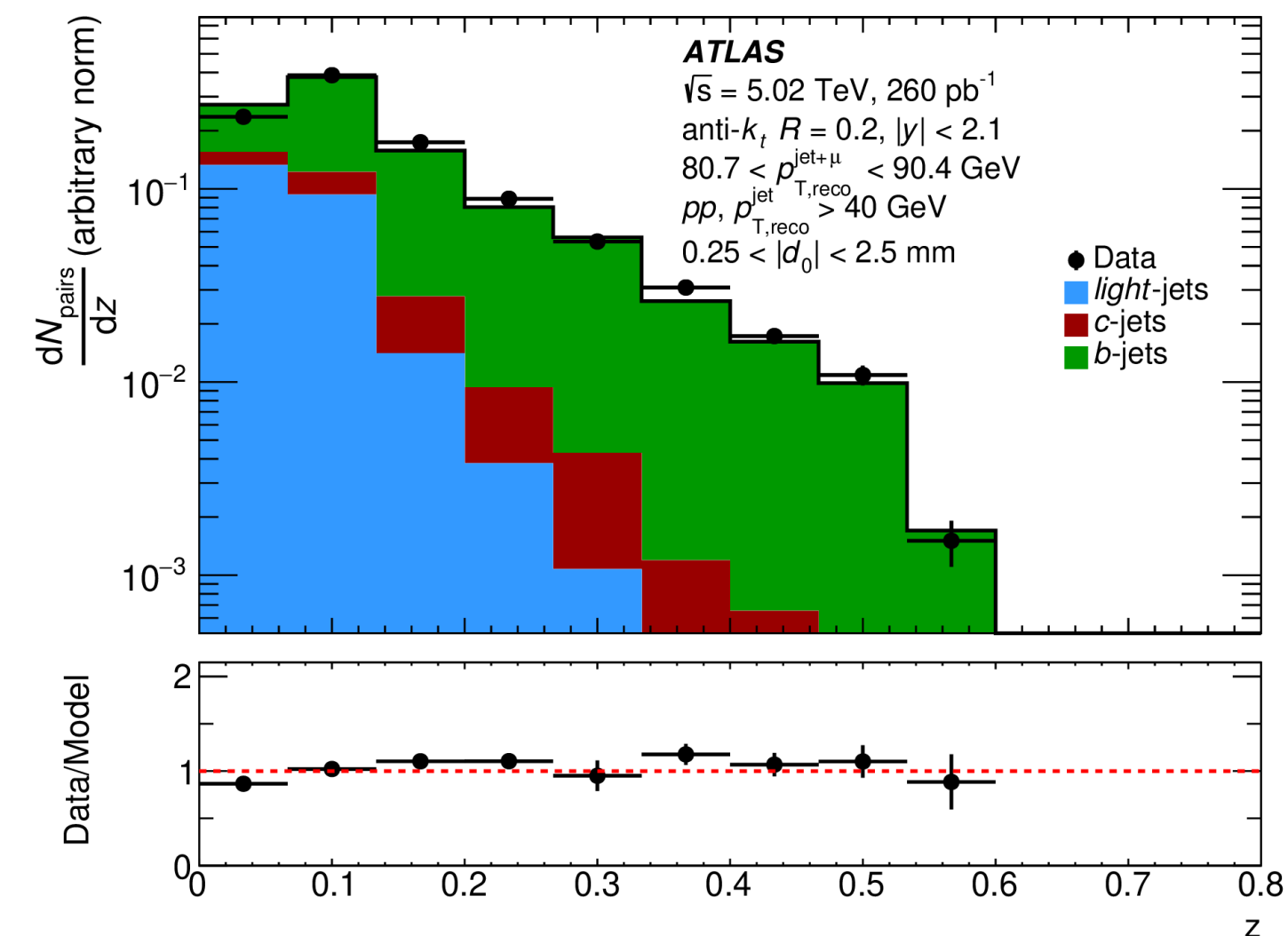
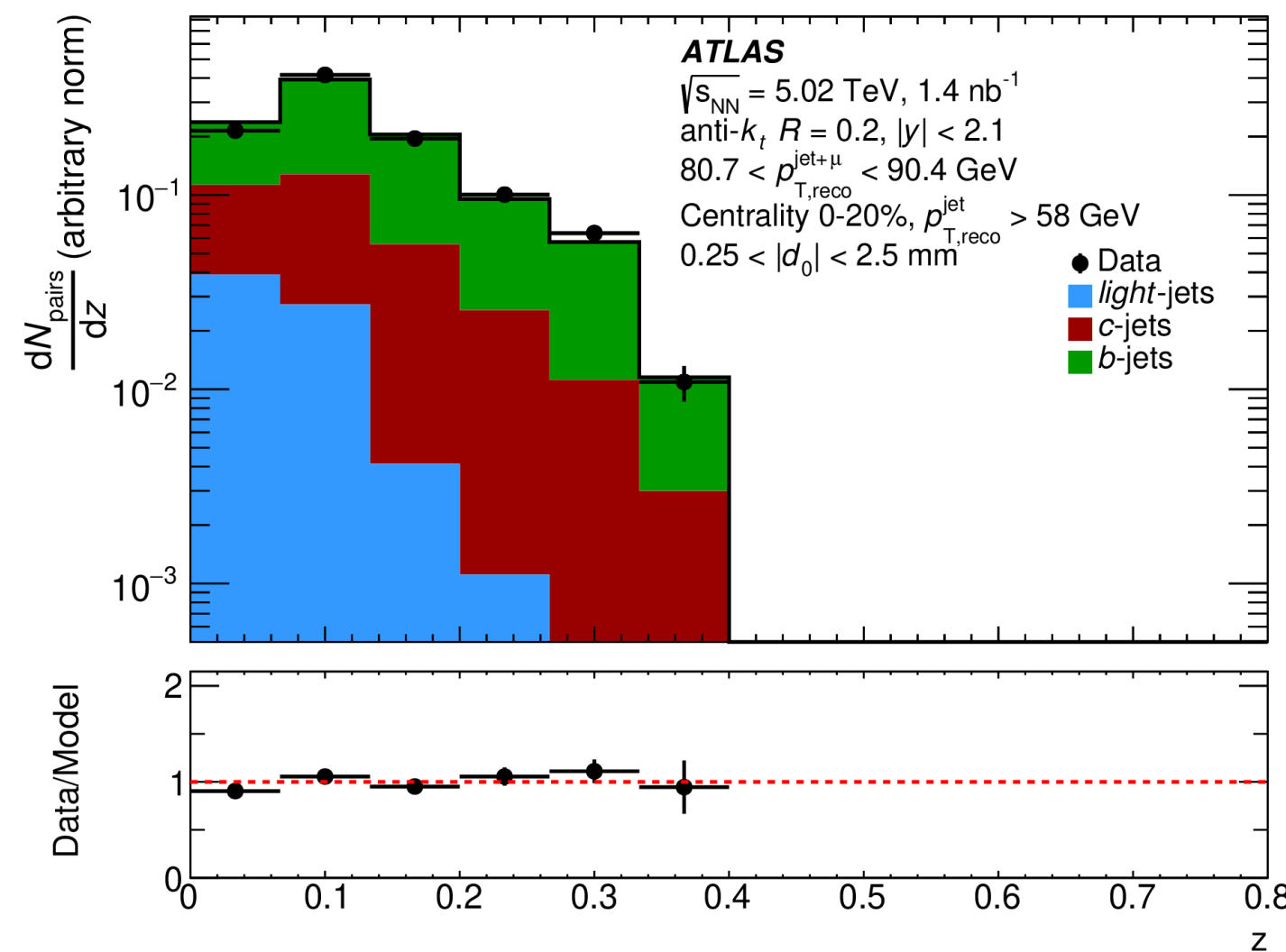
**Additional slides**



$p_T$ -rel is sensitive to muon momentum modeling

Independent test on muon fragmentation function, “ $z$ ”, using measured flavor-fractions

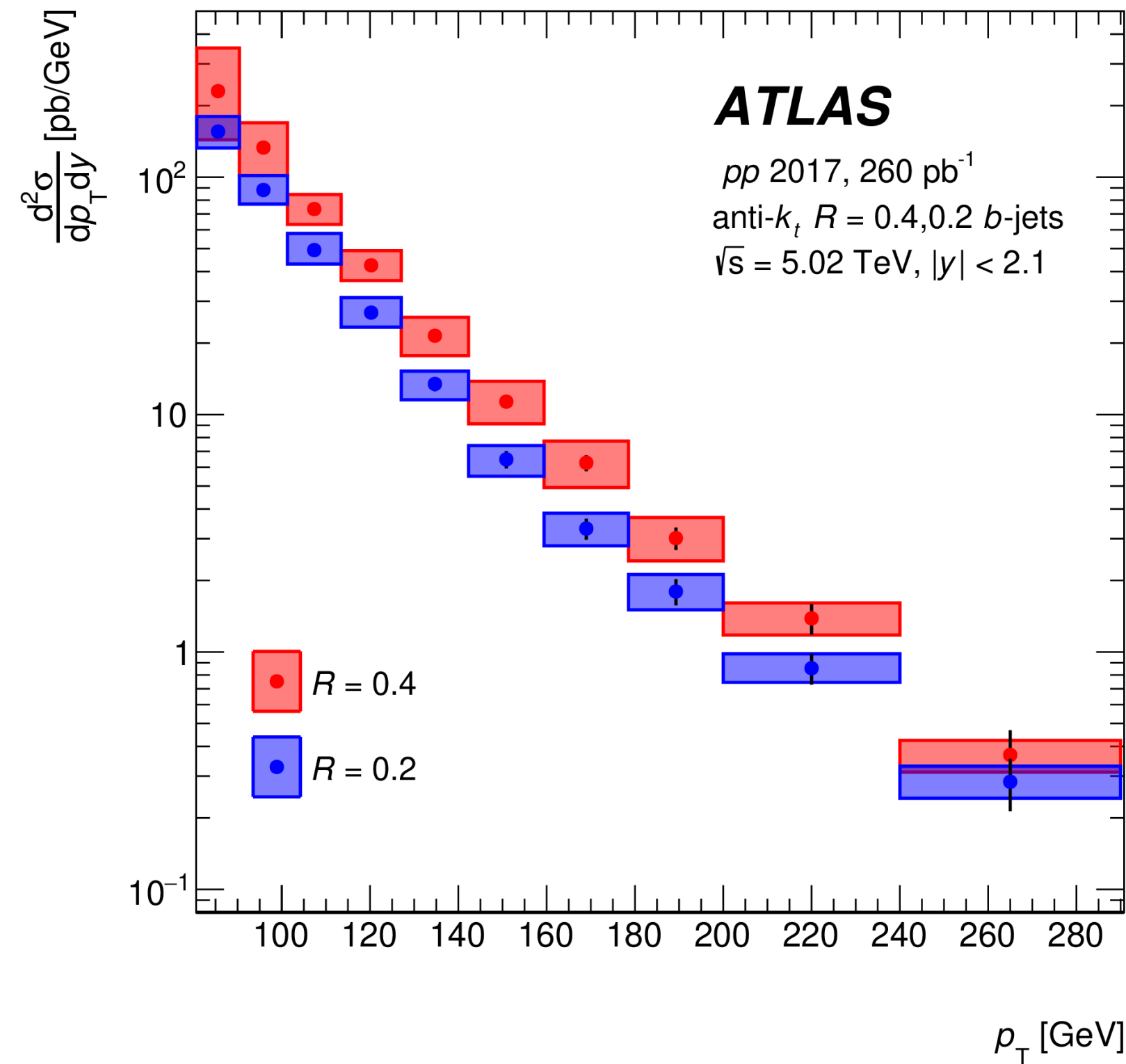
$$z = p_T^\mu \cos(\theta) / p_T^{jet+\mu}$$



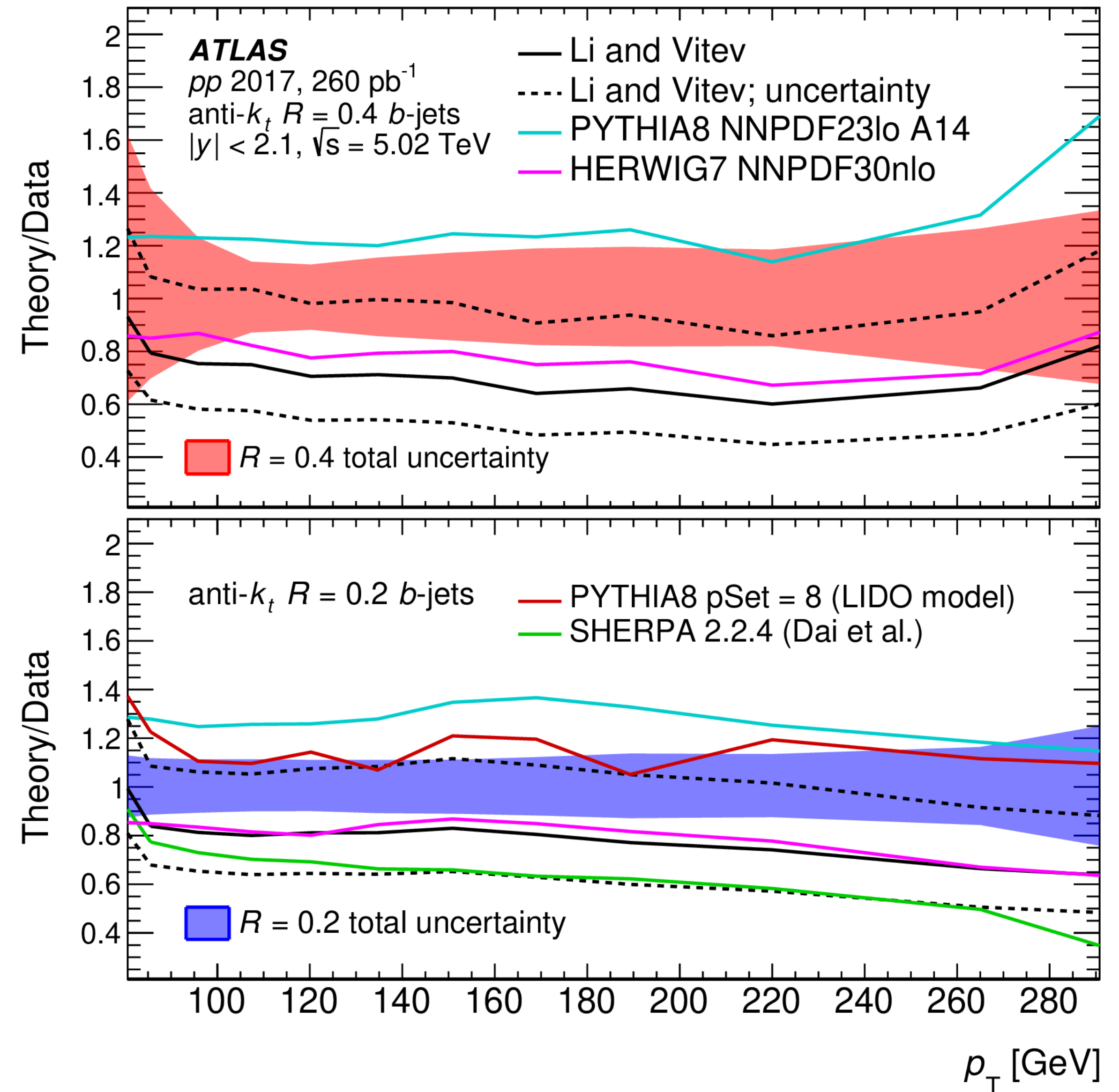
The muon momentum distribution is well reproduced by PYTHIA8

PYTHIA8 setting:

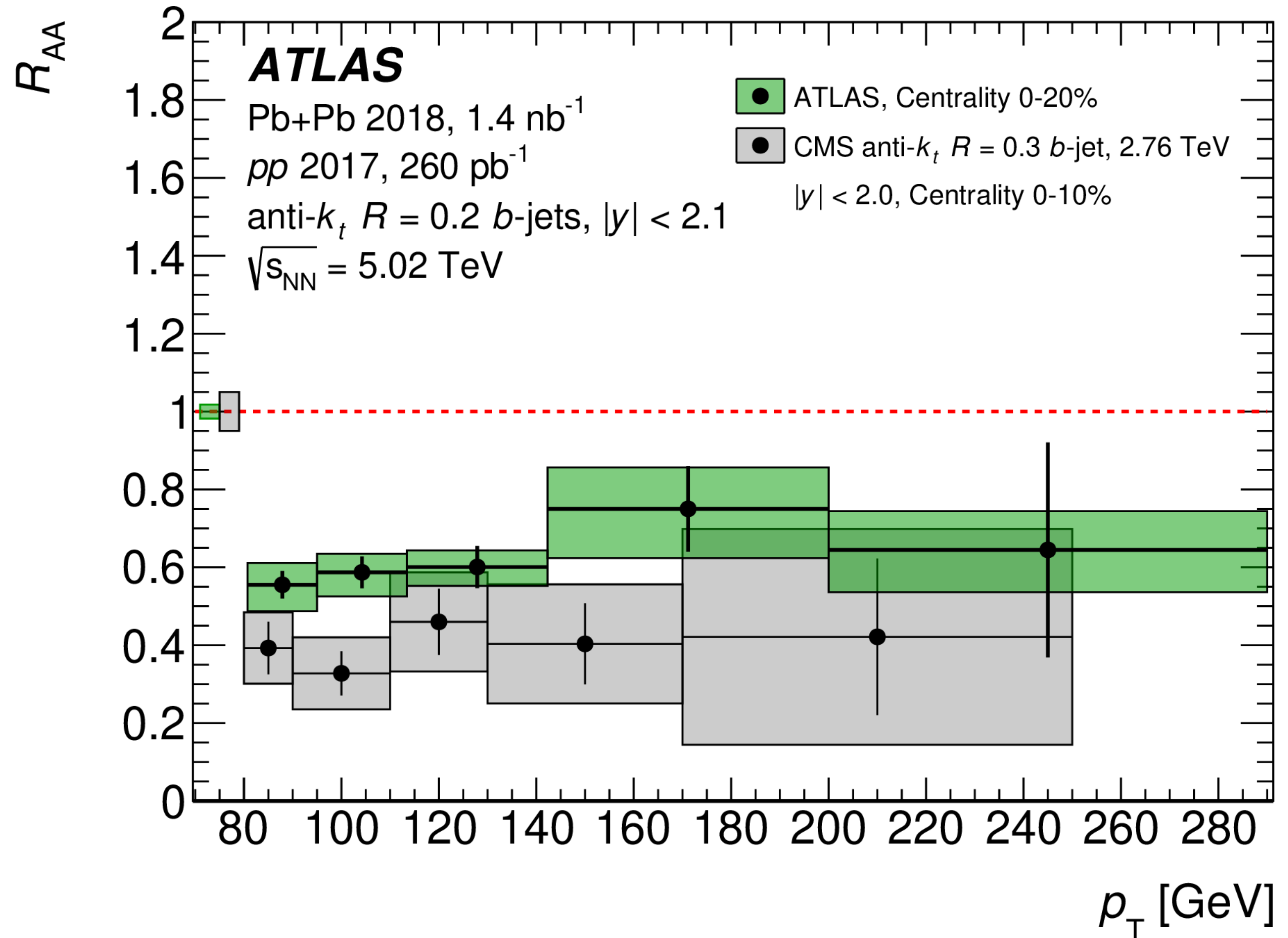
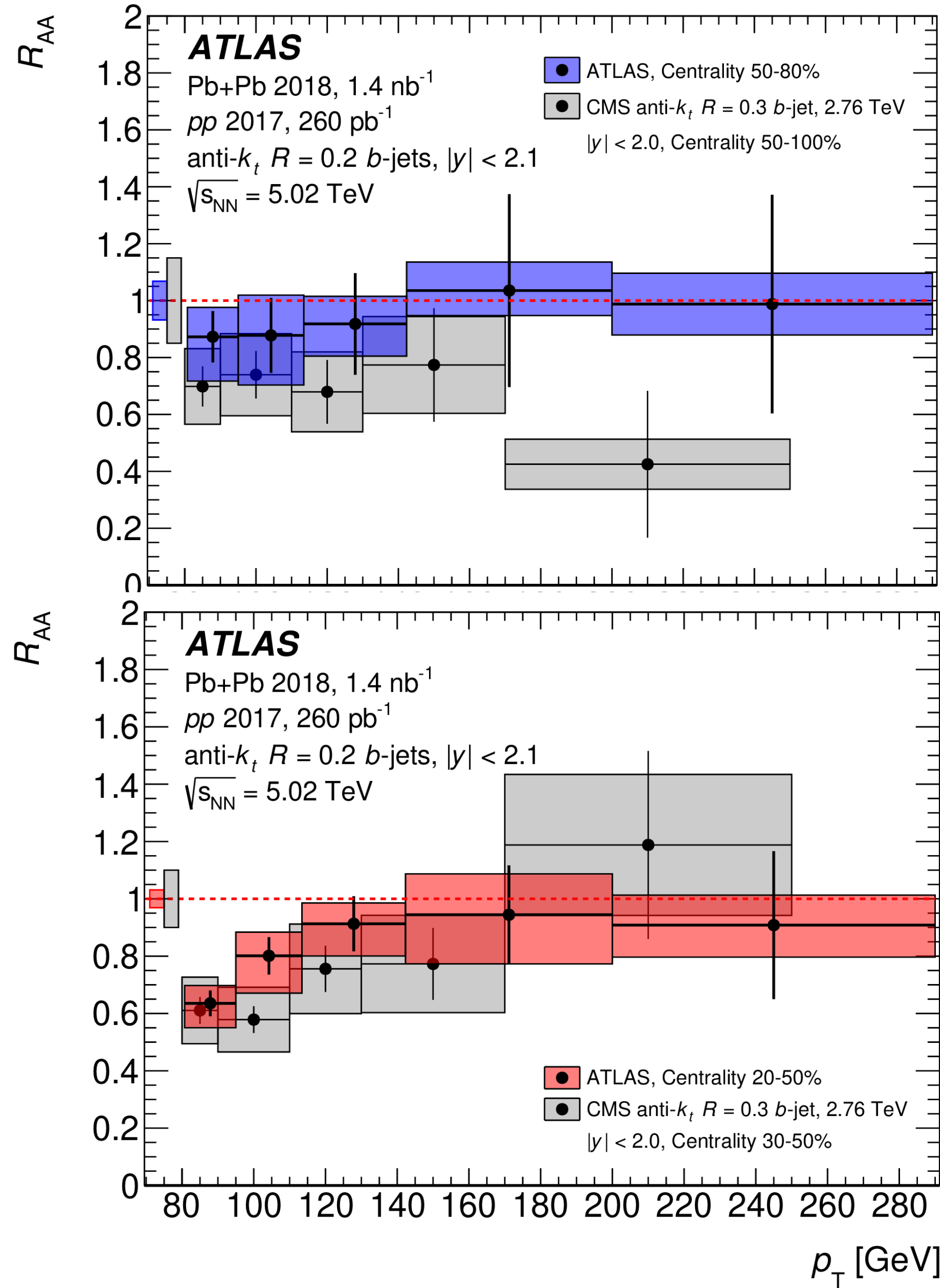
- **A14** (ATLAS-PHYS-PUB-2014-021)
- **NNPDF23LO** (arXiv:1207.1303)



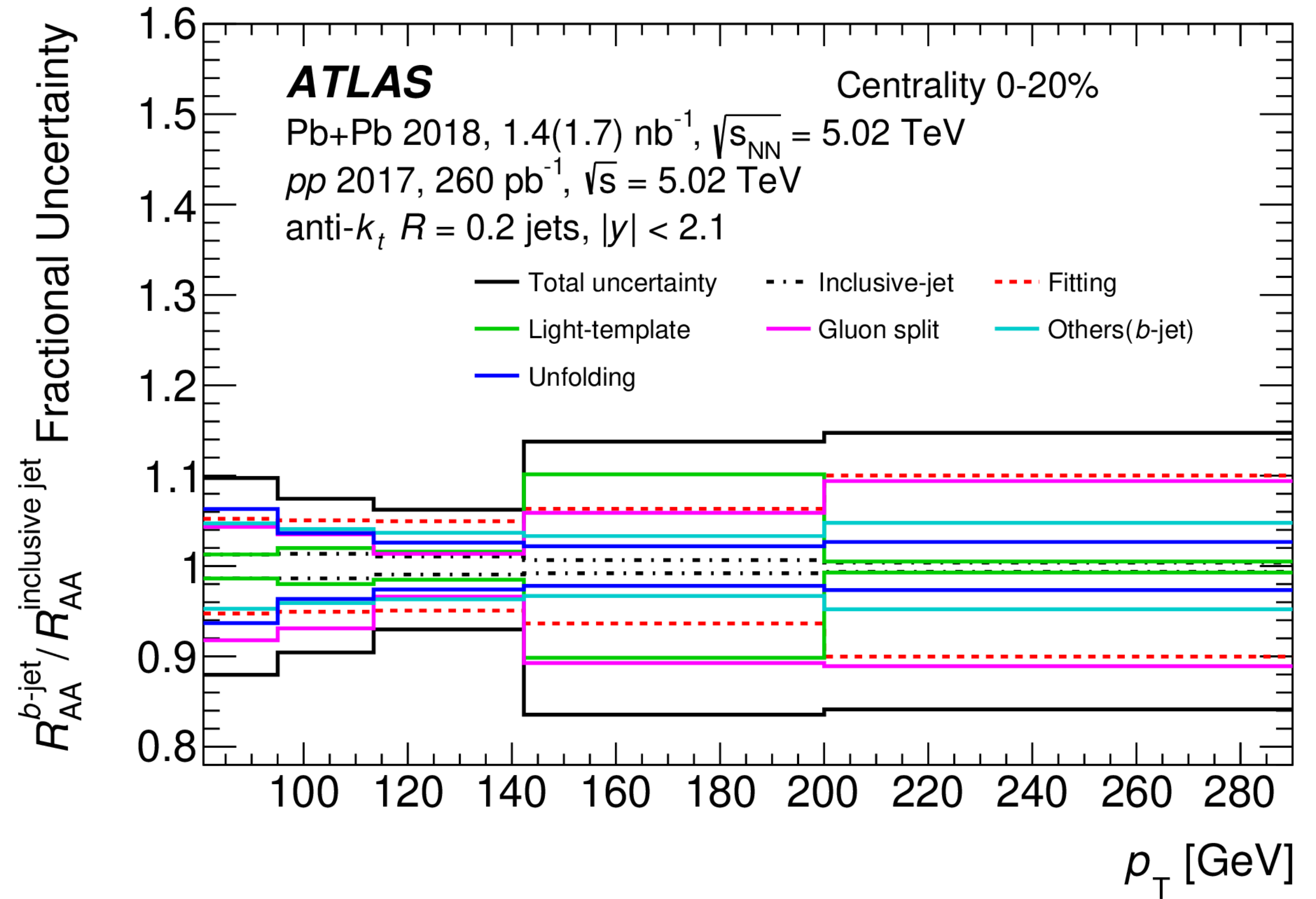
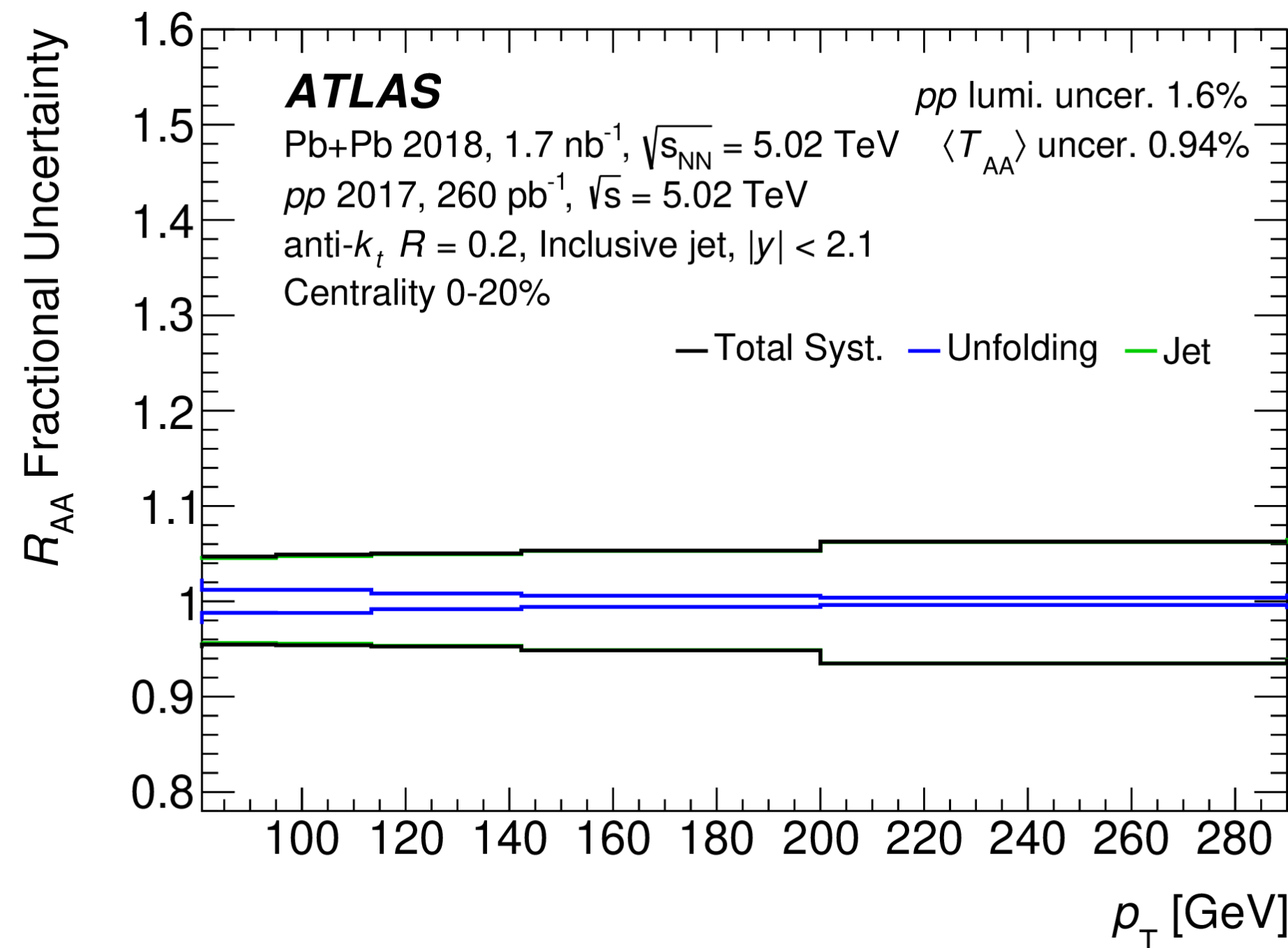
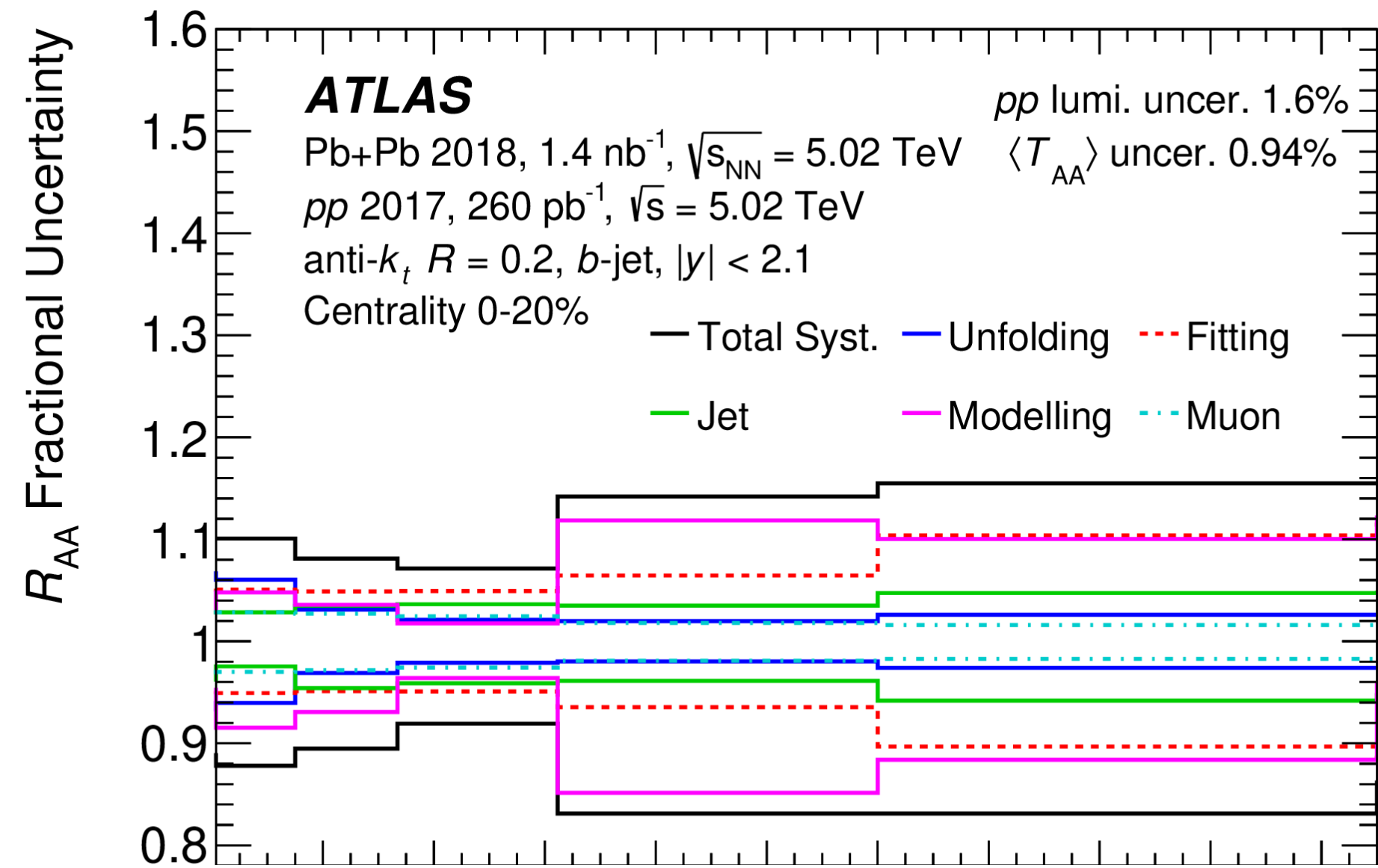
- *b*-jet cross-section measured for Jet  $R = 0.2$ , and 0.4 in  $pp$  collisions
- **Fully unfolded** results include neutrino energy, ***b*-jet  $p_T$  range: 80-250 GeV**
- Results are compared against generators and theoretical calculations

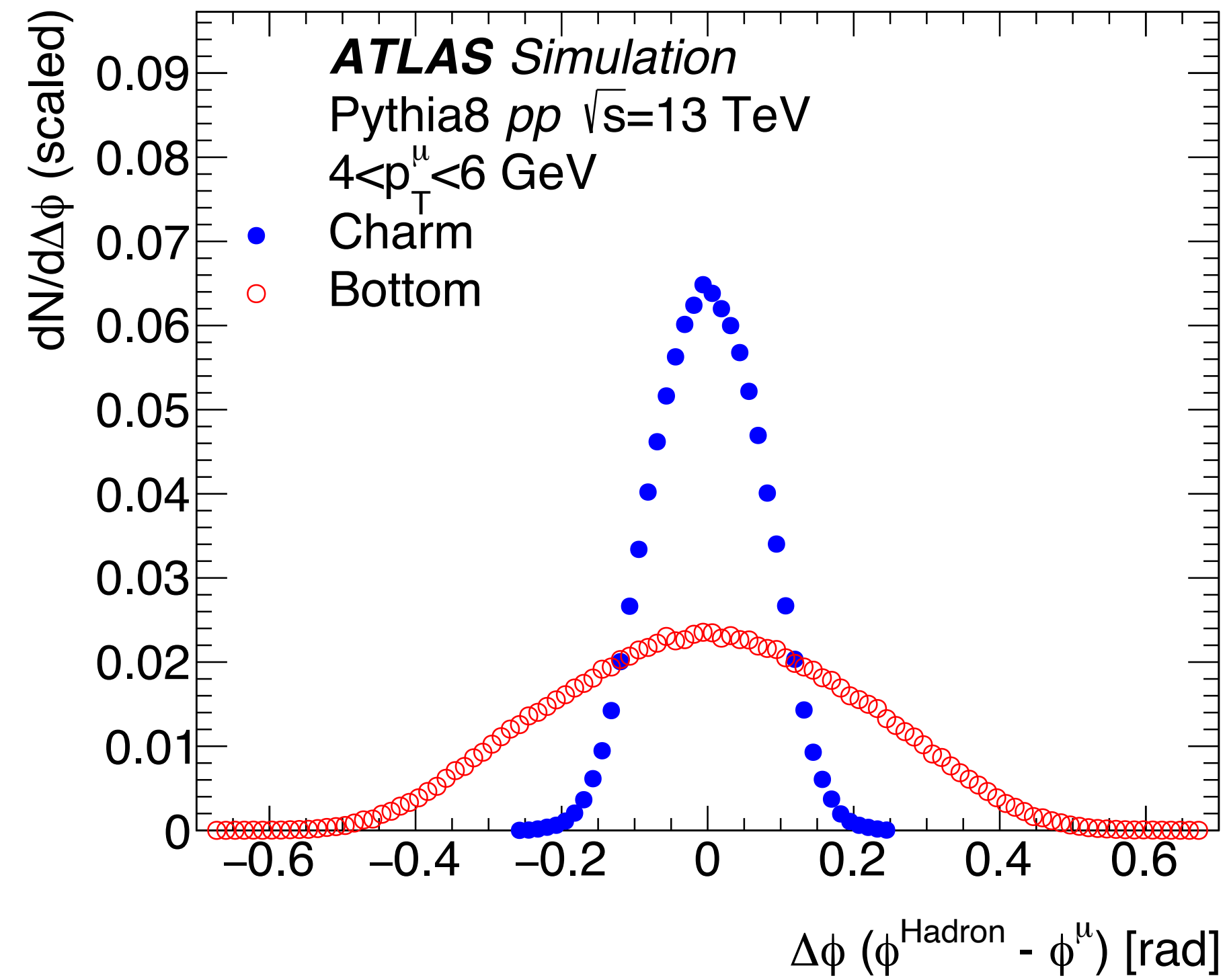


# $b$ -jets $R_{AA}$ CMS comparison

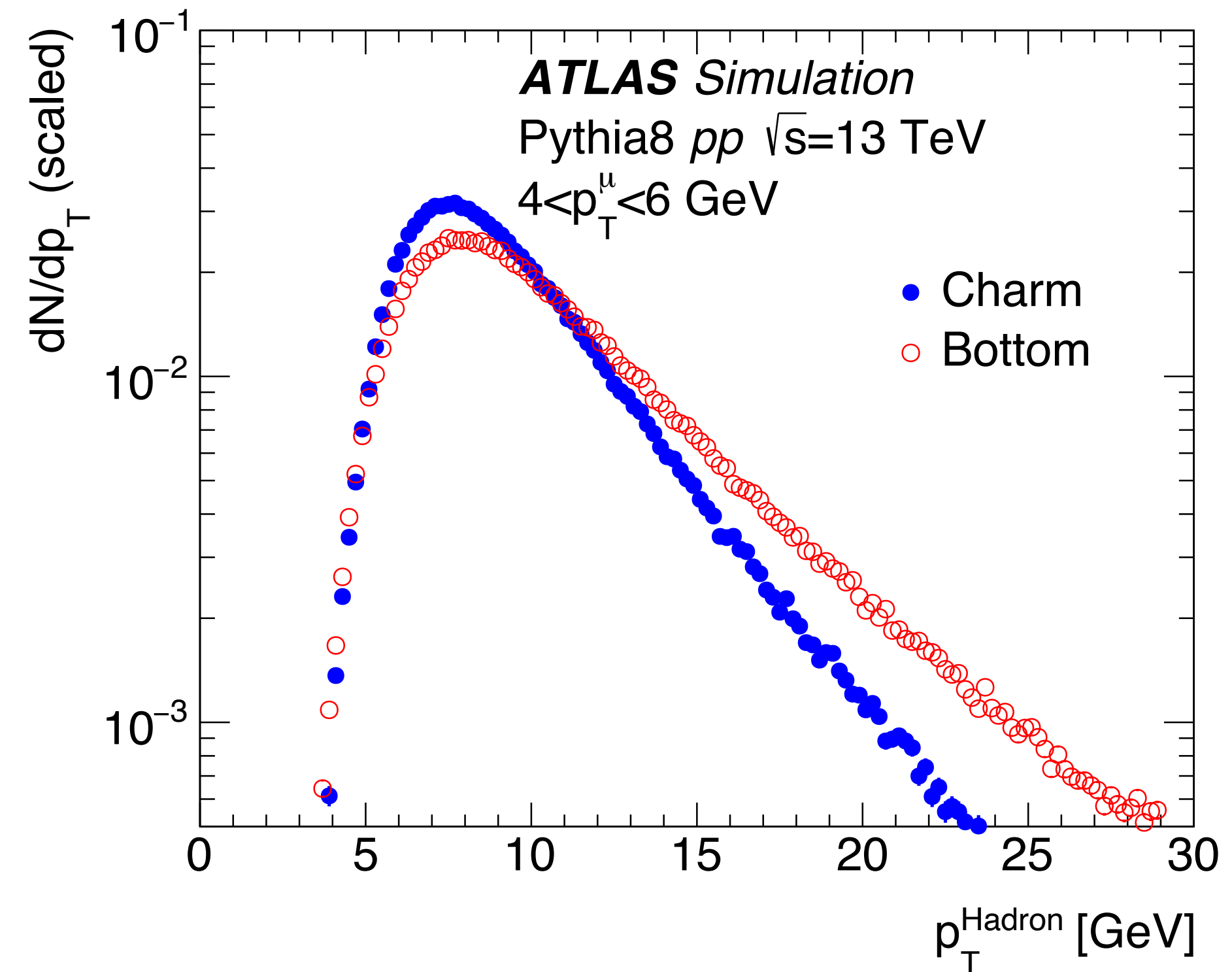


# *b*-jets systematics





azimuthal angle smearing



$p_T$  shift and smearing